

SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARALDITE® EP 1000 A US

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : ARALDITE® EP 1000 A US
Product code : 00060821
Other means of identification : Not available.
Product type : Liquid.
Material uses : Component for adhesive applications
Supplier's details : Huntsman Advanced Materials Americas LLC
P.O. Box 4980
The Woodlands, TX 77387

Non-Emergency phone: (800) 257-5547

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : MSDS@huntsman.com

Emergency telephone number (24h/7day) : Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887



Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms : Three GHS hazard pictograms are shown in red diamond shapes. From left to right: 1. Health Hazard (silhouette of a person with a starburst on the chest). 2. Exclamation Mark (a large black exclamation mark). 3. Environment (a dead tree and a dead fish).

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye irritation.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing genetic defects.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber, Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL), nitrile rubber, neoprene, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC). Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Store locked up. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	30 - 60	28064-14-4
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	13 - 30	25068-38-6
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	13 - 30	28768-32-3
triglycidyl-p-aminophenol	13 - 30	5026-74-4
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	1 - 3	3101-60-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately if large quantities have been ingested.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flash point** : Open cup: 293°C (559.4°F)
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.



Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
Carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
halogenated compounds
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** :

Section 7. Handling and storage

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 2 to 8°C (35.6 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber, Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL), nitrile rubber, neoprene, Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Thermal hazards** : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Amber.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point/Freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Open cup: 293°C (559.4°F)
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg) [room temperature]
- Vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : 1.2
- Solubility in water** : practically insoluble
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not available.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.



Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	- OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity OECD 420 Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method	LC0 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat - Male Rat - Male, Female Rat - Female	0.00001 ppm >2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	- OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity OECD 420 Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method	LC0 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat - Male Rat - Male, Female Rat - Female	0.00001 ppm >2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	Unknown guidelines OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female Rabbit - Male, Female	>30 mg/m ³ >3000 mg/kg
triglycidyl-p-aminophenol	OECD 401 Acute Oral Toxicity OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity OECD 401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Mouse - Male, Female Rat - Male, Female Mouse - Male, Female	>5000 mg/kg >4000 mg/kg 1413 mg/kg
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	OECD 401 Acute Oral Toxicity OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity OECD 425 Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female Rat - Male, Female Rat - Female	1037 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant
	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant
	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant
triglycidyl-p-aminophenol	Unknown guidelines	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant
	EPA OPPTS OPPTS 870.2500 Acute Dermal Irritation	Rabbit	Skin - Irritant
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	EPA OPPTS EPA OTS 798.4500	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant
	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	Rat	Skin - Non-irritant.
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritant.

Conclusion/Summary

Skin :

- Epoxy phenol novolac resin Slightly irritating to the skin.
- Bisphenol A epoxy resin Irritating to skin.
- Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline Irritating to skin.
- triglycidyl-p-aminophenol Irritating to skin.
- butylphenyl glycidyl ether Non-irritating to the skin.

Eyes :

- Epoxy phenol novolac resin Slightly irritating to the eyes.
- Bisphenol A epoxy resin Irritating to eyes.
- Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline Irritating to eyes.
- triglycidyl-p-aminophenol Slightly irritating to the eyes.
- butylphenyl glycidyl ether Non-irritating to the eyes.

Respiratory :

- Epoxy phenol novolac resin No additional information.
- Bisphenol A epoxy resin No additional information.
- Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline No additional information.
- triglycidyl-p-aminophenol No additional information.
- butylphenyl glycidyl ether No additional information.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 429 Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 429 Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
triglycidyl-p-aminophenol	No official guidelines	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Section 11. Toxicological information

butylphenyl glycidyl ether	OECD 429 Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
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Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ	Negative
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ	Negative
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ	Negative
triglycidyl-p-aminophenol	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Human Cell: Somatic Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Yeast Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive

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butylphenyl glycidyl ether	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive

Conclusion/Summary :

Epoxy phenol novolac resin The weight of the scientific evidence indicates that this material is non-genotoxic.
 Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline The weight of the scientific evidence indicates that this material is non-genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result/Result type
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Rat - Male, Female	15 mg/kg	2 years; 7 days per week	Negative - Oral - NOAEL
	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Rat - Female	1 mg/kg	2 years; 5 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL
	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse - Male	0.1 mg/kg	2 years; 3 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Rat - Male, Female	15 mg/kg	2 years; 7 days per week	Negative - Oral - NOAEL
	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Rat - Female	1 mg/kg	2 years; 5 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL
	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse - Male	0.1 mg/kg	2 years; 3 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL

Reproductive toxicity

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Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental effects
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 416 Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Rat - Male, Female	Negative	Negative	-
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 416 Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Rat - Male, Female	Negative	Negative	Negative

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result/Result type
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat - Female	Negative - Oral
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	-	Rabbit - Female	Negative - Dermal
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rabbit - Female	Negative - Oral
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat - Female	Negative - Oral
	EPA CFR	Rabbit - Female	Negative - Dermal
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rabbit - Female	Negative - Oral
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat - Female	Negative - Oral

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics



Section 11. Toxicological information

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg
	OECD 411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Sub-chronic NOEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	10 mg/kg
	OECD 411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Mouse - Male	100 mg/kg
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg
	OECD 411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Sub-chronic NOEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	10 mg/kg
	OECD 411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Mouse - Male	100 mg/kg
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	OECD 408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg/d

- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : Suspected of causing genetic defects.

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- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	3448.3 mg/kg

Other information : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Exposure	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	-	Acute EC50	72 hours Static	Algae	9.4 mg/l
	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	1.7 mg/l
	-	Acute IC50	3 hours Static	Bacteria	>100 mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	1.5 mg/l
	OECD 211 <i>Daphnia Magna</i> Reproduction Test EPA CFR	Chronic NOEC	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	0.3 mg/l
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	-	Acute EC50	72 hours Static	Algae	9.4 mg/l
	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	1.7 mg/l
	Unknown guidelines	Acute IC50	3 hours Static	Bacteria	>100 mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	1.5 mg/l
	OECD 211 <i>Daphnia Magna</i> Reproduction Test	Chronic NOEC	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	0.3 mg/l
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute EC50	72 hours Static	Algae	>11 mg/l
	OECD 202: Part I (<i>Daphnia</i> sp., Acute Immobilisation test)	Acute EC50	48 hours Semi-static	Daphnia	4.7 mg/l
	DIN DIN 38412 Part 8	Acute IC50	24 hours Static	Bacteria	>10000 mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	6 to 8 mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Chronic EC10	72 hours Static	Algae	2.4 mg/l
triglycidyl-p-aminophenol	OECD 201 Alga,	Acute ErC50	72 hours	Algae	13 mg/l

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butylphenyl glycidyl ether	Growth Inhibition Test OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute	(growth rate) LC50	Static 96 hours	Fish	4.2	mg/l
	OECD 211 <i>Daphnia Magna</i> Reproduction Test	Chronic	NOEC	Static 21 days	Daphnia	0.42	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Chronic	NOECr	Static 72 hours	Algae	4.2	mg/l
	OECD 209 Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test	Acute	EC50	Static 3 hours	Bacteria	>1000	mg/l
	OECD 202: Part I (Daphnia sp., Acute Immobilisation test)	Acute	EC50	Static 48 hours	Daphnia	67.9	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	EbC50 (biomass)	Static 72 hours	Algae	9	mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute	LC50	Static 96 hours	Fish	7.5	mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Period	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD Derived from OECD 301F (Biodegradation Test)	28 days	5 %
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD Derived from OECD 301F (Biodegradation Test)	28 days	5 %
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	29 days	9 to 10 %
triglycidyl-p-aminophenol	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	29 days	3.4 %
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	28 days	1.1 %

Conclusion/Summary : Bisphenol A epoxy resin Not readily biodegradable.
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline Not readily biodegradable.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	Fresh water 4.83 days Fresh water 3.58 days	-	Not readily
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	Fresh water 7.1 days Fresh water 4.83 days Fresh water 3.58 days	-	Not readily
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	Fresh water 7.1 days Fresh water days	-	-
triglycidyl-p-aminophenol	Fresh water 0.18 days Fresh water 0.16 days Fresh water 2.2 days Fresh water 2.3 days Fresh water 2.6 days	-	-
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	Fresh water 0.24 days Fresh water 17 days	-	Not readily

Section 12. Ecological information

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	3.242	31	low
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	3.242	31	low
Tetraglycidyl methylenedianiline	2.12	-	low
triglycidyl-p-aminophenol	0.87	-	low
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	3.59	-	low

Mobility in soil

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other ecological information

BOD5 : Not determined.
COD : Not determined.
TOC : Not determined.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

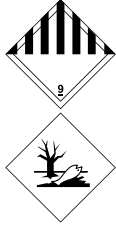
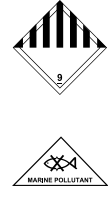
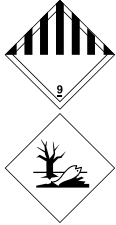
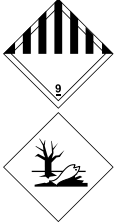
Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

Proper shipping name

DOT : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (EPOXYPHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN, BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN). Marine pollutant
TDG : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (EPOXYPHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN, BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN). Marine pollutant
IMDG : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (EPOXYPHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN, BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN). Marine pollutant
IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Epoxyphenol novolac resin , Bisphenol a epoxy resin)

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN3082	9	III		Marine pollutants are only regulated for bulk and vessel shipments, per 49CFR171.4 (c) Exceptions. Except when all or part of the transportation is by vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicle, rail car or aircraft.
TDG Classification	UN3082	9	III		-
IMDG Classification	UN3082	9	III		Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A S-F
IATA Classification	UN3082	9	III		Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

United States Regulations

- TSCA 8(b) inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.
- TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rule (SNUR)** : No ingredients listed.
- TSCA 5(e) substance consent order** : No ingredients listed.
- TSCA 12(b) export notification** : triglycidyl-p-aminophenol
- SARA 311/312** : Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard
- Clean Air Act - Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)** : This product does not contain nor is it manufactured with ozone depleting substances.
- SARA 313** : No ingredients listed.

	<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>Section 304 CERCLA Hazardous Substance</u>	<u>CERCLA Reportable Quantity (Lbs)</u>	<u>Product Reportable Quantity (Lbs)</u>
CERCLA Hazardous substances	Xylene	0.0364	Listed	100	274725
	methyl methacrylate	0.00042	Listed		

State regulations

- PENNSYLVANIA - RTK** : No ingredients listed.
- California Prop 65** : **WARNING:** This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.
WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>
Methanol	No.	Yes.
Ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.
Toluene	No.	Yes.

Canadian regulations

- CEPA DSL** : All components are listed or exempted.
- WHMIS Classes** : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.



Section 15. Regulatory information

Brazil Regulations

Classification system used : Norma ABNT-NBR 14725-2:2012

International lists

- : **Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- : **China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- : **Japan inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.
- : **Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.
- : **Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.
- : **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: All components are listed or exempted.
- : **Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: At least one component is not listed.
- : **Taiwan inventory (CSNN)**: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

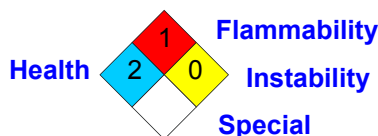
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	*	2
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0
Personal protection		

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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Date of issue : 7/28/2014.

Date of previous issue : 4/23/2013.

Version : 2

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Section 16. Other information

ARALDITE® is a registered trademark of Huntsman Corporation or an affiliate thereof in one or more countries, but not all countries.

[Notice to reader](#)

While the information and recommendations in this publication are to the best of our knowledge, information and belief accurate at the date of publication, NOTHING HEREIN IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS A WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR OTHERWISE.

IN ALL CASES, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF SUCH INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS AND THE SUITABILITY OF ANY PRODUCT FOR ITS OWN PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THE PRODUCT MAY PRESENT HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. WHILE CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED IN THIS PUBLICATION, NO GUARANTEE IS MADE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

Hazards, toxicity and behaviour of the products may differ when used with other materials and are dependent upon the manufacturing circumstances or other processes. Such hazards, toxicity and behaviour should be determined by the user and made known to handlers, processors and end users.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARALDITE® EP 1000 B US

1. Product and company identification

Product name : ARALDITE® EP 1000 B US
Material uses : Component for adhesive applications
MSDS # : 00060822
Validation date : 4/23/2013.

Supplier/Manufacturer : Huntsman Advanced Materials Americas LLC
P.O. Box 4980
The Woodlands, TX 77387

Non-Emergency phone: (800) 257-5547

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : MSDS@huntsman.com

In case of emergency (24h/7day) : Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid.
Odor : Amine-like.
Color : Clear Amber.
OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY: ORAL - Category 4
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1A
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE): ORAL [liver and muscle tissue] - Category 2
AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE) - Category 3
AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word :

Danger

Hazard statements :

Harmful if swallowed.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. (liver, muscle tissue)
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements : Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL), butyl rubber. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Collect spillage. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Store locked up. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]amino]butyl-terminated	30 - 60	68683-29-4
tetraethylenepentamine	13 - 30	112-57-2
polymeric cycloaliphatic amines	7 - 13	135108-88-2
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	7 - 13	1761-71-3
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	7 - 13	140-31-8
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine	7 - 13	10563-29-8
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	1 - 3	90-72-2
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	0.1 - 1	919-30-2
3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane	0.1 - 1	4420-74-0
Triethylenetetramine	0.1 - 1	112-24-3
Polyethylene polyamines	0.1 - 1	68131-73-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Notes to physician** : Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flash point** : Closed cup: >93°C (>199.4°F)
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** :

Section 6. Accidental release measures

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store between the following temperatures: 2 to 8°C (35.6 to 46.4°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
tetraethylenepentamine	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitizer. TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

- Appropriate engineering controls** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

- Environmental exposure controls** :

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL), butyl rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Clear Amber.
- Odor** : Amine-like.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point/Freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >93°C (>199.4°F)
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density	: Not available.		
Specific gravity	: 1.02		
Water Solubility	: Not available.	20	deg C
Water Solubility	: partially soluble		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.		
Viscosity	: Not available.		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	1260 mg/kg
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	No official guidelines	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	3250 mg/kg
	EPA OPPTS	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	2110 mg/kg
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	EPA OPPTS	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	380 mg/kg
	No official guidelines	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	866 mg/kg
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine	No official guidelines	LD50 Oral	Rabbit - Male	2097 mg/kg
	-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1310 mg/kg
	-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1670 mg/kg
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	OECD 403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male	>5 ppm
	EPA OPPTS EPA OTS 798.1100	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	4.29 ml/kg
	EPA OPPTS EPA OTS 798.1175	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1.57 to 2.83 ml/kg
3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane	-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2.14 ml/kg
	-	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.73 ml/kg
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	1465 mg/kg

Section 11. Toxicological information

Polyethylene polyamines	-	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1716 mg/kg
	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	1465.4 mg/kg
	OECD 401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male, Female	1716.2 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	Unknown guidelines	Rabbit	Eyes - Corrosive
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	No official guidelines	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine	No official guidelines	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	EPA CFR	Rabbit	Eyes - Corrosive
	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Corrosive
	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane	-	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant
	-	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant
	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

- : 2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl] amino]butyl-terminated tetraethylenepentamine polymeric cycloaliphatic amines
Corrosive to the skin.
No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- 4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)
Corrosive to the skin.
- N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE
Corrosive to eyes and skin.
- Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine
Corrosive to the skin.
- 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol
Corrosive to the skin.
- 3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane
Corrosive to the skin.
- 3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane
Slightly irritating to the skin.
- Triethylenetetramine
Corrosive to the skin.
- Polyethylene polyamines
Corrosive to the skin.

Eyes

:

Section 11. Toxicological information

2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl] amino]butyl-terminated tetraethylenepentamine polymeric cycloaliphatic amines	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine) N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	Corrosive to eyes. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Corrosive to eyes and skin.
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane 3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane	Corrosive to eyes. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Triethylenetetramine Polyethylene polyamines	No known significant effects or critical hazards. Severely irritating to eyes.

Respiratory

2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl] amino]butyl-terminated tetraethylenepentamine polymeric cycloaliphatic amines	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine) N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane 3-mercaptopropyltrimethoxysilane	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Triethylenetetramine Polyethylene polyamines	No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result
tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine 2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	-	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
Polyethylene polyamines	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
tetraethylenepentamine	Experiment: In vitro	Positive
	Subject: Bacteria	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Positive
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Bacteria	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Cell: Somatic	
	Experiment: In vitro	Positive
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Bacteria	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Bacteria	
Metabolic activation: +/-		
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Bacteria	
Triethylenetetramine	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
Polyethylene polyamines	Cell: Somatic	
	Experiment: In vitro	Positive
	Subject: Bacteria	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	

Conclusion/Summary :

Section 11. Toxicological information

tetraethylenepentamine	The weight of the scientific evidence indicates that this material is non-genotoxic.
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	Not mutagenic in a standard battery of genetic toxicological tests.
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Not mutagenic in a standard battery of genetic toxicological tests.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result/Result type
tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse - Male	>42 mg/kg	627 days; 3 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOAEL
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse - Male	42 mg/kg	3 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOAEL

Conclusion/Summary :

tetraethylenepentamine	In accordance with column 2 of Annex VII - X of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, the test for this property of the substance does not need to be conducted.
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Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental effects
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	Positive	Positive	Negative
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	Negative	Negative	Negative
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	Negative	Negative	Negative

Teratogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result/Result type
tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat - Female	Negative - Oral
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rabbit - Female	Negative - Dermal
	OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	Negative - Oral
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE			
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Oral
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rabbit	Negative - Dermal

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
4,4'-methylenebis(cyclohexylamine)	Category 2	Oral	liver and muscle tissue

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
tetraethylenepentamine	No official guidelines	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg/d
	OECD 410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	50 mg/kg
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	15 mg/kg
	OECD 413 Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-day Study	Sub-chronic NOEC Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	12.2 mg/m ³
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	151 to 285 mg/kg/d

Section 11. Toxicological information

2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	Toxicity Screening Test OECD 410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>1000 mg/kg/d
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	OECD 408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-acute NOEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	15 mg/kg
Triethylenetetramine	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	200 mg/kg
Polyethylene polyamines	OECD	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg/d 52 mg/kg/d

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if swallowed. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1067.7 mg/kg
Dermal	2506.6 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Exposure	Species	Result
tetraethylenepentamine	No official guidelines	Acute	EC50	2 hours Static	Bacteria 97.3 mg/l
	EU EC C.2 Acute Toxicity for Daphnia	Acute	EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia 24.1 mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	ErC50 (growth rate)	72 hours Static	Algae 6.8 mg/l
	EU EC C.1 Acute Toxicity for Fish	Acute	LC50	96 hours Semi-static	Fish 420 mg/l
	No official guidelines	Chronic	EC10	2 hours Static	Bacteria 46 mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Chronic	NOEC	72 hours Static	Algae 0.5 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	DIN DIN 38412 Part 27	Acute	EC50	30 minutes	Bacteria	156	mg/l	
	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute	EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	6.84	mg/l	
	DIN DIN 38412 part 9	Acute	ErC50 (growth rate)	72 hours Static	Algae	141 to 200	mg/l	
	DIN DIN 38412 Part 15	Acute	LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	67.8	mg/l	
	DIN DIN 38412 part 9	Chronic	LOAEL	72 hours Static	Algae	100	mg/l	
	N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	EC50	72 hours	Algae	>1000	mg/l
		OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute	EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	58	mg/l
		-	Acute	LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	2190	mg/l
		No official guidelines	Chronic	EC10	2 hours	Bacteria	250	mg/l
		-	Chronic	EC20	1 hours	Bacteria	1600	mg/l
-		-	-	Static	-	-	-	
ISO ISO 9509:2006 - Toxicity test for assessing the inhibition of nitrification of activated sludge microorganisms		Chronic	EC50	2 hours	Bacteria	511	mg/l	
Static		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Static		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Static		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute	EC50	48 hours	Daphnia	9.2	mg/l	
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	ErC50 (growth rate)	72 hours	Algae	21	mg/l	
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	EC50	72 hours	Algae	84	mg/l	
	Unknown guidelines	Acute	LC50	96 hours	Daphnia	718	mg/l	
	-	Acute	LC50	96 hours	Fish	175	mg/l	
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	EU EC C.3 Algal Inhibition Test	Acute	EC50	72 hours	Algae	>1000	mg/l	
	-	Acute	EC50	5.75 hours	Bacteria	43	mg/l	
	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute	EC50	48 hours	Daphnia	331	mg/l	
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute	LC50	96 hours	Fish	>934	mg/l	
Triethylenetetramine	-	Acute	EC50	30 minutes	Bacteria	800	mg/l	
	-	Acute	EC50	48 hours	Daphnia	31.1	mg/l	
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	ErC50 (growth rate)	72 hours	Algae	20	mg/l	
	-	Acute	LC50	96 hours	Fish	330	mg/l	

Section 12. Ecological information

Polyethylene polyamines	OECD OECD 202: Part II (Daphnia sp., Reproduction Test	Chronic	EC50	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	10	mg/l
	No official guidelines	Acute	EC50	48 hours Static	Bacteria	319.3	mg/l
	EU EC C.2 Acute Toxicity for Daphnia	Acute	EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	2.2	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	EbC50 (biomass)	72 hours Static	Algae	0.23	mg/l
	EU EC C.1 Acute Toxicity for Fish	Acute	LC50	96 hours Semi-static	Fish	100	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Chronic	NOEC	72 hours Static	Algae	0.16	mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Period	Result
tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 302A Inherent Biodegradability: Modified SCAS Test	84 days	17 %
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	OECD 302B Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/EMPA Test	28 days	<10 %
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	28 days	0 %
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine	ISO ISO 7827, 1984 - Evaluation in an aqueous medoum of the ultimate aerobic biodegradability of organic compounds	28 days	100 %
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	28 days	4 %
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	EU EC C.4-A Biodegradation: Determination of the "Ready" Biodegradability: Dissolved Organic Carbon (DOC) Die-Away Test	28 days	67 %
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 302A Inherent Biodegradability: Modified SCAS Test	84 days	20 %
	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	28 days	0 %
Polyethylene polyamines	OECD 302A Inherent Biodegradability: Modified SCAS Test	84 days	16 %
	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	- days	0 %

Conclusion/Summary : tetraethylenepentamine Not biodegradable
N-AMINOETHYL Not readily biodegradable.
PIPERAZINE

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	-	-	Not readily
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	-	50%; 0.08 day(s)	Not readily
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine	-	-	Readily
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	-	-	Not readily
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	-	-	Not readily
Triethylenetetramine	-	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential



Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
tetraethylenepentamine	-3.16	-	low
4,4'-methylenebis (cyclohexylamine)	2.03	10.15	low
N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE	-1.48	-	low
Dimethyl Dipropyl Triamine	0.5	-	low
2,4,6-tris (dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	-	low
3-aminopropyltriethoxysilane	1.7	3.4	low
Triethylenetetramine	-1.4 to 2.9	99	low
Polyethylene polyamines	-3.67	-	low

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other ecological information

BOD5 : Not determined.

COD : Not determined.

TOC : Not determined.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

Proper shipping name








DOT : Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (N-AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE, DIMETHYL DIPROPYL TRIAMINE).
Marine pollutant (tetraethylenepentamine)

TDG : Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (N-AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE, DIMETHYL DIPROPYL TRIAMINE).
Marine pollutant (tetraethylenepentamine)

IMDG : Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (N-AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE, DIMETHYL DIPROPYL TRIAMINE).
Marine pollutant (tetraethylenepentamine)

IATA : Amines, liquid, corrosive, n.o.s. (N-AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE, DIMETHYL DIPROPYL TRIAMINE)

Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN2735	8	II	 	-
TDG Classification	UN2735	8	II	 	-
IMDG Classification	UN2735	8	II	 	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-B
IATA Classification	UN2735	8	II		Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L Packaging instructions: 851 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 30 L Packaging instructions: 855

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(b) inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rule (SNUR) : No ingredients listed.

TSCA 5(e) substance consent order : No ingredients listed.

TSCA 12(b) export notification : No ingredients listed.

SARA 311/312 : Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Section 15. Regulatory information

- Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : No ingredients listed.
- Clean Air Act - Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)** : This product does not contain nor is it manufactured with ozone depleting substances.
- SARA 313** : No ingredients listed.
- CERCLA Hazardous substances** : No ingredients listed.

State regulations

- PENNSYLVANIA - RTK** : N-AMINOETHYL PIPERAZINE, TETRAETHYLENEPENTAMINE, AMINOETHYLPIPERAZINE
- California Prop 65** : **WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>
Methanol	No.	Yes.

International regulations

Canada

- CEPA DSL** : All components are listed or exempted.
- WHMIS Classes** : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
Class E: Corrosive material

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Brazil

- Regulation** : Decreto Federal n.º 2657 de 3 de novembro de 1998

International lists

- Australia inventory (AICS):** All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory: Not determined.
Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	3
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	1
Personal protection	

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



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