



Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Date of issue: 7/27/2022 Revision date: 2/23/2024

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Black Vinyl Ester Primer

CAS-No. : mixture
Product code : 1702-006
Formula : N/A

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Coatings

1.3. Supplier

Dura Technologies, Inc. 2720 South Willow Avenue #A Bloomington, CA 92316

909-546-1162

ChemTrec US: 800.424.9300 ChemTrec Int: +1 70 3527 3887

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : ChemTrec US: 800.424.9300 Int: +1 70 3527 3887

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B	H340	May cause genetic defects
Carcinogenicity Category 1B	H350	May cause cancer

Reproductive toxicity Category 1B H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)



: Danger





Signal word (GHS US)

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction



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Precautionary statements (GHS US)

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H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H340 - May cause genetic defects

H350 - May cause cancer

H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical; lighting; ventilating equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe dust, mist, fume, vapors, spray.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 - Wash exposed area. thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear eye protection; protective clothing.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical powder, foam to extinguish.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to in accordance with local, state, and national regulations..

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable



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3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
styrene, inhibited	CAS-No.: 100-42-5	≤ 24	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
methyl ethyl ketone	CAS-No.: 78-93-3	≤ 4.66	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic	CAS-No.: 64742-89-8	≤ 1.17	Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate	CAS-No.: 136-52-7	≤ 0.5	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after eye contact

First-aid measures general	:	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Suspected of causing cancer. IF
		exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation	:	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Allow affected person to bre

: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label). Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing.
Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and : Harmful if inhaled. symptoms

Symptoms/effects : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause genetic defects.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

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SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Sand. Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity in case of fire : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do

not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No

smoking.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. No open flames, no sparks, and no

smoking.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with

proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal

protection".

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Dam up the liquid spill. Contain released product, pump into suitable containers.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or

diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed Precautions for safe handling

- : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof

electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep in fireproof

place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Black Vinyl Ester Primer (mixture)			
No additional information available			
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm		
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	40 ppm		
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)			
No additional information available			
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm] 200 ppm			
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	300 ppm		
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89-8)			
No additional information available			

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

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Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Wear appropriate mask

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):





Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid Color Black Odor characteristic : No data available Odor threshold : No data available pН Melting point : Not applicable Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : ≥ 172 °F

Flash point : ≥ 16 °F
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : ≈ 1.30 Specific gravity / density : $\approx 1.3 \text{ kg/l}$

Solubility : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available **Explosion limits** : No data available Explosive properties Oxidizing properties No data available



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9.2. Other information

VOC content : ≤ 405 g/l VOC is assuming 100% evaporation of Monomers

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below. Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

10.2. Chemical stability

Polymerization can result in formation of solid deposits, even in vapour space. Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vaporair mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (ilinalation)	Not classified
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg (Rat; Literature study; >6000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Weight of evidence)
LD50 oral	> 6000 mg/kg body weight (Hamster, Male, Weight of evidence, Oral)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)
LD50 dermal rabbit	5010 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	11.8 mg/l air (4 h, Rat, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Inhalation (vapours))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	2770 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3129 mg/kg body weight (Rat; OECD 425: Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure; Experimental value)



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LD50 dermal rat 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Weight of evidence; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity) 3129 mg/kg body weight	cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)		
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3) LD50 oral rat D2193 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / Iemale, Read-across, Oral) ATE US (oral) ATE US (or		> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Weight of evidence; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3) LD50 oral rat D2193 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / Iemale, Read-across, Oral) ATE US (oral) ATE US (or	ATE US (oral)		
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National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7) IARC group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child. Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Not classified methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3) Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard : Not classified Viscosity, kinematic : No data available styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Viscosity, kinematic 0.8 mm²/s methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)		2B. Possibly careinogenic to humans	
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IARC group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child. Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Not classified methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3) Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : Not classified Viscosity, kinematic : No data available styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Viscosity, kinematic : 0.8 mm²/s methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)		Reasonably anticipated to be numan Carcinogen	
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Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)			
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard : Not classified Viscosity, kinematic : No data available styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Viscosity, kinematic 0.8 mm²/s methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard Viscosity, kinematic Styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Viscosity, kinematic 0.8 mm²/s methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure :	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard : Not classified Viscosity, kinematic : No data available styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Viscosity, kinematic 0.8 mm²/s methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)		
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available styrene, inhibited (100-42-5) Viscosity, kinematic 0.8 mm²/s methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Viscosity, kinematic 0.8 mm²/s methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	Aspiration hazard : Viscosity, kinematic :		
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)		
	Viscosity, kinematic	0.8 mm ² /s	
Viscosity, kinematic 0.494 mm²/s	methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)		
	Viscosity, kinematic	0.494 mm²/s	



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Potential Adverse human health effects and

symptoms

: Harmful if inhaled.

Symptoms/effects : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May cause genetic defects.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled.

Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact Symptoms/effects after eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: Dangerous for the environment. Harmful to aquatic life.
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	10 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	4.7 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
ErC50 algae	4.9 mg/l (EPA OTS 797.1050, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-	7)
LC50 - Fish [1]	46.51 mg/l (LOEC; ASTM; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Read-across)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	0.212 mg/l (NOEC; ASTM; 48 h; Ceriodaphnia dubia; Static system; Salt water; Read-across)
LC50 - Fish [2]	54.1 mg/l (LC50; ASTM; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Read-across)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	0.605 mg/l (LC50; ASTM; 48 h; Ceriodaphnia dubia; Static system; Salt water; Read-across)
Threshold limit - Algae [1]	144 μg/l (ErC50; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Read-across)
Threshold limit - Algae [2]	32.2 µg/l (NOEC; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Read-across)
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2993 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	308 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
ErC50 algae	1972 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Black Vinyl Ester Primer (mixture)	
Persistence and degradability Not established.	
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.



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styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)		
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.8 g O ₂ /g substance	
ThOD	3.07 g O ₂ /g substance	
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.42 (Literature study)	
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.	
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Not established.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.03 g O ₂ /g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.31 g O ₂ /g substance	
ThOD	2.44 g O ₂ /g substance	
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89	Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89-8)	
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Black Vinyl Ester Primer (mixture)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)		
BCF - Fish [1]	35.5 (Carassius auratus, Literature study)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	2.96 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).	
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)		
BCF - Fish [1]	1.2 (BCF; 131 days; Seriola quinqueradiata; Static system; Salt water; Read-across)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 40 °C)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Not established.	
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89-8)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	

12.4. Mobility in soil

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
Surface tension	0.032 N/m (20 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.55 (log Koc, Estimated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.



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cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
Surface tension	0.064 N/m (20 °C; 1 g/l)
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Surface tension	0.024 N/m (20 °C)
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.53 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil. Slightly harmful to plants.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Sewage disposal recommendations : Disposal must be done according to official regulations. Do not discharge into drains.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of

contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local,

regional, national and/or international regulation.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Flammable vapors

may accumulate in the container.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

14.1. UN number

DOT NA NO : UN1866 UN-No. (TDG) : UN1866 UN-No. (IMDG) : 1866 UN-No. (IATA) : 1866

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Resin solution
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : RESIN SOLUTION
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : RESIN SOLUTION
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Resin solution

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3 Hazard labels (DOT) : 3





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TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 3 Hazard labels (TDG) : 3



IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 3
Hazard labels (IMDG) : 3



IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 3
Hazard labels (IATA) : 3



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : II
Packing group (TDG) : II
Packing group (IMDG) : II
Packing group (IATA) : II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No.(DOT)
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: UN1866

: 149 - When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).

383 - Packages containing toy plastic or paper caps for toy pistols described as "UN0349, Articles, explosive, n.o.s. (Toy caps), 1.4S" or "NA0337, Toy caps, 1.4S" are not subject to the subpart E (labeling) requirements of this part when offered for transportation by motor vehicle, rail freight, cargo vessel, and cargo aircraft and, notwithstanding the packing method assigned in §173.62 of this subchapter, in conformance with the following conditions:

B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).



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DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 : 5 L

CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded.

TDG

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1866
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 5 L
Excepted quantities (TDG) : E2
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 5 L

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 127

IMDG

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001
Packing provisions (IMDG) : PP1
IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC02
Tank instructions (IMDG) : T4
Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1, TP8

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-E - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Echo - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, FLOATING ON WATER

Stowage category (IMDG) : E

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Miscibility with water depends upon the composition.

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E2 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y341 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 353 PCA max net quantity (IATA) 5L CAO packing instructions (IATA) 364 CAO max net quantity (IATA) 60L Special provision (IATA) A3 ERG code (IATA) 3L

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
styrene, inhibited	100-42-5	Present	Active	
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	Present	Active	



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Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Present	Active	
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic	64742-89-8	Present	Active	

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Reactive hazard Fire hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard	

methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313 Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89-8)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)



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15.3. US State regulations

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)					
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	No	No	No	27 μg/day	

Component	State or local regulations
styrene, inhibited(100-42-5)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
methyl ethyl ketone(78-93-3)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 2/23/2024

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE

COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases		
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation	
H332	Harmful if inhaled	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness	
H340	May cause genetic defects	
H350	May cause cancer	
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life	
H401	Toxic to aquatic life	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects	

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary

incapacitation or residual injury.



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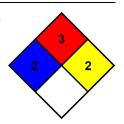
NFPA fire hazard

: 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity

: 2 - Materials that readily undergo violent chemical change at elevated

temperatures and pressures.



Hazard Rating

Health

Flammability

Physical

Personal protection

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

: 3 Serious Hazard - Materials capable of ignition under almost all normal temperature conditions. Includes flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F and boiling points above 100 F. as well as liquids with flash points between 73 F and 100 F. (Classes IB IC)

: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

: H - Splash goggles, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Vapor respirator