



Grey Vinyl Ester Primer

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 03/01/2023

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : Grey Vinyl Ester Primer
CAS-No. : mixture
Product code : 1799-006
Formula : N/A

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Coating

1.3. Supplier

Dura Technologies, Inc.
2720 South Willow Avenue #A
Bloomington, CA 92316

909-546-1162

ChemTrec US: 800.424.9300

ChemTrec Int: +1 70 3527 3887

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : ChemTrec US: 800.424.9300 Int: +1 70 3527 3887

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Flammable liquids Category 3	H226 Flammable liquid and vapor
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4	H332 Harmful if inhaled
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315 Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2	H319 Causes serious eye irritation
Skin sensitization, Category 1	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B	H340 May cause genetic defects
Carcinogenicity Category 1B	H350 May cause cancer
Reproductive toxicity Category 1B	H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1	H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2	H401 Toxic to aquatic life

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor
H315 - Causes skin irritation
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H340 - May cause genetic defects
H350 - May cause cancer
H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

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smoking.
 P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
 P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
 P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment.
 P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
 P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
 P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors.
 P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
 P264 - Wash EXPOSED AREA. thoroughly after handling.
 P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
 P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
 P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
 P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
 P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.
 P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
 P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
 P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
 P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
 P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
 P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
 P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
 P321 - Specific treatment (see SEEK MEDICAL AID. on this label).
 P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
 P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
 P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
 P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
 P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
 P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical powder, foam to extinguish.
 P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
 P405 - Store locked up.
 P501 - Dispose of contents/container to LOCAL, STATE, AND NATIONAL REGULATIONS..

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
styrene, inhibited	(CAS-No.) 100-42-5	<= 20.5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
methyl ethyl ketone	(CAS-No.) 78-93-3	<= 4.938	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic	(CAS-No.) 64742-89-8	<= 1.131	Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate	(CAS-No.) 136-52-7	<= 0.3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

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First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: wash thoroughly for five minutes. seek medical attention. Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see seek medical attention. on this label).
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION. Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Harmful if inhaled. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Symptoms/effects	: May cause genetic defects (avoid skin contact and inhalation.). May cause cancer (avoid skin contact and inhalation.).
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Sand. Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Flammable liquid and vapor.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.
Reactivity in case of fire	: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No smoking.
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6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Dam up the liquid spill. Contain released product, pump into suitable containers.
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- Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.
- Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Additional hazards when processed : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
- Precautions for safe handling : Wear personal protective equipment. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing DUST, FUMES, MIST, OR VAPORS. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- Hygiene measures : Wash HANDS thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment.
- Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : HEAT SPARKS OR OPEN FLAMES. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
- Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.
- Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	40 ppm
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)		
Not applicable		
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	300 ppm
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89-8)		
Not applicable		

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
- Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

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Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Wear appropriate mask

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: White
Odor	: characteristic
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 172 °F
Flash point	: 16 °F
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Flammable liquid and vapor.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: ≈ 1.33
Density	: ≈ 1.33 kg/l
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : <= 374.5 g/l VOC is based on 100 % evaporation of monomers

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Polymerization can result in formation of solid deposits, even in vapour space. Not established. Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Flammable liquid and vapor.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Overheating. Heat. Sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
 Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
 Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Harmful if inhaled.

ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
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styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg (Rat; Literature study; >6000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Weight of evidence)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)
LD50 dermal rabbit	5010 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	11.8 mg/l air (4 h, Rat, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Inhalation (vapours))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	2770 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h

cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3129 mg/kg body weight (Rat; OECD 425: Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Weight of evidence; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
ATE US (oral)	3129 mg/kg body weight

methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
LD50 oral rat	2193 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Read-across, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 10 ml/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
ATE US (oral)	2193 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.
 Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.
 Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 Germ cell mutagenicity : May cause genetic defects.
 Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.
 STOT-single exposure : Not classified

methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified
 Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
 Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Harmful if inhaled. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
 Symptoms/effects : May cause genetic defects (avoid skin contact and inhalation.). May cause cancer (avoid skin contact and inhalation.).

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Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Dangerous for the environment. Harmful to aquatic life.

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
LC50 fish 1	10 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 Daphnia 1	4.7 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
ErC50 (algae)	4.9 mg/l (EPA OTS 797.1050, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
LC50 fish 1	46.51 mg/l (LOEC; ASTM; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Read-across)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.212 mg/l (NOEC; ASTM; 48 h; Ceriodaphnia dubia; Static system; Salt water; Read-across)
LC50 fish 2	54.1 mg/l (LC50; ASTM; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Read-across)
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.605 mg/l (LC50; ASTM; 48 h; Ceriodaphnia dubia; Static system; Salt water; Read-across)
Threshold limit algae 1	144 µg/l (ErC50; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Read-across)
Threshold limit algae 2	32.2 µg/l (NOEC; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Read-across)

methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
LC50 fish 1	2993 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 Daphnia 1	308 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
ErC50 (algae)	1972 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Grey Vinyl Ester Primer (mixture)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.8 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	3.07 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.42 (Literature study)
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Not established.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	2.03 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.31 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.44 g O ₂ /g substance
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89-8)	
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Grey Vinyl Ester Primer (mixture)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
BCF fish 1	35.5 (Carassius auratus, Literature study)
Log Pow	2.96 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
BCF fish 1	1.2 (BCF; 131 days; Seriola quinqueradiata; Static system; Salt water; Read-across)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Log Pow	0.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 40 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4). Not established.
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89-8)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

12.4. Mobility in soil

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
Surface tension	0.032 N/m (20 °C)
Log Koc	2.55 (log Koc, Estimated value)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
Surface tension	0.064 N/m (20 °C; 1 g/l)
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Surface tension	0.024 N/m (20 °C)
Log Koc	1.53 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil. Slightly harmful to plants.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste)	: Disposal must be done according to official regulations.
Waste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Do not discharge into drains.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of contents/container to approved disposal site..
Additional information	: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description	: UN1866 Resin solution, 3, II
UN-No.(DOT)	: UN1866
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	: Resin solution
Class (DOT)	: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
Packing group (DOT)	: II - Medium Danger

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Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173
 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242
 DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 149 - When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).
 383 - Packages containing toy plastic or paper caps for toy pistols described as "UN0349, Articles, explosive, n.o.s. (Toy caps), 1.4S" or "NA0337, Toy caps, 1.4S" are not subject to the subpart E (labeling) requirements of this part when offered for transportation by motor vehicle, rail freight, cargo vessel, and cargo aircraft and, notwithstanding the packing method assigned in §173.62 of this subchapter, in conformance with the following conditions:
 B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.
 IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.
 T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)
 TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = $97 / 1 + a (tr - tf)$ Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.
 TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).
 DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 150
 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 5 L
 DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 60 L
 DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
 Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 127
 Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1866 RESIN SOLUTION, 3, II
 UN-No. (IMDG) : 1866
 Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : RESIN SOLUTION
 Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids
 Packing group (IMDG) : II - substances presenting medium danger

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1866 Resin solution, 3, II
 UN-No. (IATA) : 1866
 Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Resin solution
 Class (IATA) : 3 - Flammable Liquids
 Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

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styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313 Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Reactive hazard Fire hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313 Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89-8)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	
Solvent Naptha Petroleum Aliphatic (64742-89-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)	

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)	

15.3. US State regulations

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)					
U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	No	No	No	27 µg/day	

Component	State or local regulations
styrene, inhibited(100-42-5)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
methyl ethyl ketone(78-93-3)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

Grey Vinyl Ester Primer

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

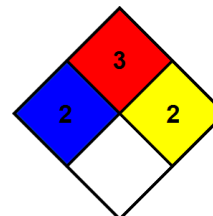
according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 03/01/2023
 Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.
 NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.
 NFPA reactivity : 2 - Materials that readily undergo violent chemical change at elevated temperatures and pressures.



Hazard Rating
 Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur
 Flammability : 3 Serious Hazard - Materials capable of ignition under almost all normal temperature conditions. Includes flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F and boiling points above 100 F. as well as liquids with flash points between 73 F and 100 F. (Classes IB IC)
 Physical : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.
 Personal protection : H
 H - Splash goggles, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Vapor respirator

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

To the best of our knowledge this SDS is accurate. The the extent allowed by law, this statement is made in lieu of an other warranties, expressed or implied including but not limited to any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose and is in lieu of any other obligations or liability on the part of Dura Technologies, Inc.