SAFETY DATA SHEET



EPOCAST® 1629 A US

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : EPOCAST® 1629 A US

Product code : 00067034

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.



Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Epoxy adhesive

Supplier's details : Huntsman Advanced Materials Americas LLC

P.O. Box 4980

The Woodlands, TX 77387

Non-Emergency phone: (800) 257-5547

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: MSDS@huntsman.com

Emergency telephone number (24h/7day)

: Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 9.3% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the

aquatic environment: 9.3%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements: Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Collect spillage. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	30 - 60	25068-38-6
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	3 - 7	3101-60-8
Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	3 - 7	2425-79-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

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: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion: No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Call medical doctor or poison control

center immediately if large quantities have been ingested.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flash point : Closed cup: >95°C (>203°F) [Estimated]

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water

contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being

discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

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carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

halogenated compounds

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

Special protective

equipment for fire-fighters

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ters

suitable training.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Appropriate engineering controls

Environmental exposure controls

- Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Thermal hazards : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Paste.]

Color : White.
Odor : Slight

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point/Freezing point : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flash point : Closed cup: >95°C (>203°F) [Estimated]

Evaporation rate : <1 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg) [room temperature]

Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1]

Relative density : Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Evaporation rate (butyl : <1 (butyl acetate = 1)

acetate = 1)

Viscosity : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	- OECD 420 Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method	LC0 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral	Rat - Male Rat - Female	0.00001 ppm >2000 mg/kg
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>2000 mg/kg
	OECD 425 Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and- Down Procedure	LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2000 mg/kg
Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	No official guidelines	LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male,	2150 mg/kg

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Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 404 Acute Dermal	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity	Rat	Skin - Non-irritant.
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/	Rabbit	Eyes - Non-irritant.
Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Non-irritant.
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Bisphenol A epoxy resin Irritating to skin.

butylphenyl glycidyl ether Non-irritating to the skin.

Butanedioldiglycidyl ether Based on the human occupational exposure data, this

No additional information.

substance is considered as irritating to skin.

Eyes : Bisphenol A epoxy resin Irritating to eyes.

butylphenyl glycidyl ether Butanedioldiglycidyl ether Severely irritating to the eyes.

Butanedioldiglycidyl ether Severely irritating to eyes.

Respiratory: Bisphenol A epoxy resin No additional information. butylphenyl glycidyl ether No additional information.

Butanedioldiglycidyl ether

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 429 Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	OECD 429 Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing
Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	Node Assay OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/- Experiment: In vitro	Positive Positive
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ	Negative
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Positive
Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result/Result type
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Rat - Male, Female	15 mg/kg	2 years; 7 days per week	Negative - Oral - NOAEL
	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Rat - Female	1 mg/kg	2 years; 5 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL
	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse - Male	0.1 mg/kg	2 years; 3 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental effects
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 416 Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Rat - Male, Female	Negative	Negative	Negative

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result/Result type
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat - Female	Negative - Oral
		Rabbit - Female Rabbit - Female	Negative - Dermal Negative - Oral

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact

Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: **Eye contact**

pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential : Not available.

immediate effects

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Potential delayed

effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential

immediate effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed

effects

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg
	OECD 411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Sub-chronic NOEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	10 mg/kg
	OECD 411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Mouse - Male	100 mg/kg
Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	OECD 407 Repeated Dose 28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	200 mg/kg

General

: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental

Carcinogenicity

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	28646.4 mg/kg 39.06 mg/l

Other information : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint		Exposure	Species	Result	
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute	LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	1.5	mg/l
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	OECD 209 Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test	Acute	EC50	3 hours Static	Bacteria	>1000	mg/l
	OECD 202: Part I (Daphnia sp., Acute Immobilisation test)	Acute	EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	67.9	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	EbC50 (biomass)	72 hours Static	Algae	9	mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute	LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	7.5	mg/l
Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute	EC50	24 hours Static	Daphnia	75	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	EL50	72 hours Static	Algae	>160	mg/l
	OECD 209 Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test	Acute	IC50	3 hours Static	Bacteria	>100	mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute	LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	24	mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Period	Result
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	OECD Derived from OECD 301F (Biodegradation Test)	28 days	5 %
butylphenyl glycidyl ether	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	28 days	1.1 %
Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	28 days	43 %

Conclusion/Summary: Bisphenol A epoxy resin Not readily biodegradable.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Bisphenol A epoxy resin	Fresh water 4.83 days Fresh water 3.58 days Fresh water 7.1 days	-	Not readily
butylphenyl glycidyl ether Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	Fresh water 17 days	-	Not readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Bisphenol A epoxy resin butylphenyl glycidyl ether Butanedioldiglycidyl ether	3.242	31	low
	3.59	-	low
	-0.269	-	low

Mobility in soil

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other ecological information

BOD5 : Not determined.

COD : Not determined.

TOC : Not determined.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

Proper shipping name

Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN) Marine pollutant
 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN) Marine pollutant
 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN) Marine pollutant
 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (BISPHENOL A EPOXY RESIN)

Regulatory information	UN number	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information

Section 14. Transport information

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DOT Classification	UN3082	9	III		Marine pollutants are only regulated for bulk and vessel shipments, per 49CFR171.4 (c) Exceptions. Except when all or part of the transportation is by vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicle, rail car or aircraft.
TDG Classification	UN3082	9	III	NAMINE POLLUTARY	-
IMDG Classification	UN3082	9	III	***************************************	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F
IATA Classification	UN3082	9	III	****	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

United States Regulations

TSCA 8(b) inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rule

(SNUR)

: No ingredients listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

TSCA 5(e) substance

consent order

: No ingredients listed.

TSCA 12(b) export notification

: No ingredients listed.

SARA 311/312

: Immediate (acute) health hazard

Product name Concentration %

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) : Glass oxide 20.661

Clean Air Act - Ozone Depleting Substances

(ODS)

: This product does not contain nor is it manufactured with ozone depleting substances.

SARA 313 : No ingredients listed.

CERCLA Hazardous substances

: No ingredients listed.

State regulations

PENNSYLVANIA - RTK : No ingredients listed.

California Prop 65

: This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

Canadian regulations

CEPA DSL : All components are listed or exempted.

WHMIS Classes : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Brazil Regulations

Classification system

used

: Norma ABNT-NBR 14725-2:2012

<u>International lists</u>: Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): At least one component is not listed.

Japan inventory: At least one component is not listed. Korea inventory: At least one component is not listed. Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

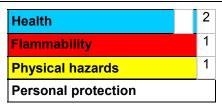
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): At least one component is not listed.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): At least one component is not listed.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material
Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Date of printing : 1/30/2014.

Date of issue : 1/30/2014.

Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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IN ALL CASES, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF SUCH INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS AND THE SUITABILITY OF ANY PRODUCT FOR ITS OWN PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THE PRODUCT MAY PRESENT HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. WHILE CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED IN THIS PUBLICATION, NO GUARANTEE IS MADE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

Section 16. Other information

Hazards, toxicity and behaviour of the products may differ when used with other materials and are dependent upon the manufacturing circumstances or other processes. Such hazards, toxicity and behaviour should be determined by the user and made known to handlers, processors and end users.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET



EPOCAST® 1629 B US

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : EPOCAST® 1629 B US

Product code : 00066204

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Solid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Hardener for adhesive systems

Supplier's details : Huntsman Advanced Materials Americas LLC

P.O. Box 4980

The Woodlands, TX 77387

Non-Emergency phone: (800) 257-5547

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: MSDS@huntsman.com

Emergency telephone number (24h/7day)

: Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION [Fertility] - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 17.3% Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the

aquatic environment: 17.3%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing dust. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Store locked up. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Polyoxypropylenediamine	7 - 13	9046-10-0
Diethylenetriamine	3 - 7	111-40-0
Triethylenetetramine	1 - 3	112-24-3
Bisphenol A	1 - 3	80-05-7
Tetraethylenepentamine	0.1 - 1	112-57-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eves with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower evelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

Section 4. First aid measures

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory

system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects may be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure

medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours.

Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flash point : Closed cup: >94°C (>201.2°F)

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

occupational exposure littles				
Ingredient name	Exposure limits			
Diethylenetriamine	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Absorbed through skin.			
	TWA: 4.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.			

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Thermal hazards

Physical state

: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Solid.

Appearance

Color : Peach Odor Ammoniacal. **Odor threshold** : Not available. pH : Not available. Melting point/Freezing point : Not available.

: Closed cup: >94°C (>201.2°F) Flash point

Evaporation rate : <1 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive

Boiling/condensation point

: Not available. : Not available.

: Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : <0.13 kPa (<1 mm Hg) [room temperature]

: >1 [Air = 1] Vapor density

: 0.5 Relative density

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Evaporation rate (butyl

acetate = 1)

: <1 (butyl acetate = 1)

Viscosity : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products should not be product

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Polyoxypropylenediamine	OECD 403 Acute	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male,	>0.74 mg/l
	Inhalation Toxicity		Female	
	OECD 402 Acute	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	2979.7 mg/kg
	Dermal Toxicity		Female	
	OECD 401 Acute	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	2885.3 mg/kg
	Oral Toxicity		Female	
Diethylenetriamine	OECD 403 Acute	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat - Male,	0.185 mg/l
	Inhalation Toxicity	and mists	Female	
	No official guidelines	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	1620 mg/kg
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 401 Acute	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	1716.2 mg/kg
-	Oral Toxicity		Female	
Bisphenol A	Unknown guidelines	LC50 Inhalation Dusts	Rat - Male,	>170 mg/m ³
		and mists	Female	
	Unknown guidelines	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male	6400 mg/kg
	OECD 401 Acute	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	2000 to 5000 mg/
	Oral Toxicity		Female	kg
Tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 402 Acute	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male,	1260 mg/kg
	Dermal Toxicity		Female	
	OECD 401 Acute	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male,	1716.2 mg/kg
	Oral Toxicity		Female	
	No official guidelines	LD50 Oral	Rat - Male	3250 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Polyoxypropylenediamine	OECD 404 Acute Dermal	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Corrosive
Diethylenetriamine	No official guidelines	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
	No official guidelines	Rabbit	Eyes - Corrosive
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Corrosive
Bisphenol A	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Rabbit Skin - Non-ir Irritation/Corrosion		Skin - Non-irritant.
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/ Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant
Tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
	Unknown guidelines	Rabbit	Eyes - Corrosive

Conclusion/Summary			
Skin	:	Polyoxypropylenediamine Diethylenetriamine Triethylenetetramine Bisphenol A Tetraethylenepentamine	Corrosive to the skin. Corrosive to the skin. Corrosive to the skin. Non-irritating to the skin. Corrosive to the skin.
Eyes	:	Polyoxypropylenediamine Diethylenetriamine Triethylenetetramine Bisphenol A Tetraethylenepentamine	Corrosive to eyes. Corrosive to eyes. Corrosive to eyes. Severely irritating to eyes. Corrosive to eyes.
Respiratory	:	Polyoxypropylenediamine Diethylenetriamine Triethylenetetramine Bisphenol A Tetraethylenepentamine	No additional information. No additional information. No additional information. No additional information. No additional information.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Diethylenetriamine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
	No official guidelines	Respiratory	Mouse	Not sensitizing
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
Bisphenol A	OECD 429 Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay	skin	Mouse	Not sensitizing
Tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Polyoxypropylenediamine	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Bacteria	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Cell: Somatic	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
Diethylenetriamine	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Insect	
	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Cell: Somatic	
Triethylenetetramine	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
Bisphenol A	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: bacteria/yeast	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
Tetraethylenepentamine	Experiment: In vitro	Positive
	Subject: Bacteria	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Positive
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Metabolic activation: +/-	
	Experiment: In vitro	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	
	Experiment: In vivo	Negative
	Subject: Mammalian-Animal	

Conclusion/Summary

Polyoxypropylenediamine Not mutagenic in a standard battery of genetic

toxicological tests.

Diethylenetriamine No mutagenic effect.

Triethylenetetramine The weight of the scientific evidence indicates that this

material is non-genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result/Result type
Diethylenetriamine	No official guidelines	Mouse - Male	56.3 mg/kg	3 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 451 Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse - Male	42 mg/kg	3 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOAEL
Bisphenol A	-	Rat - Male, Female	-	103 weeks; 7 days per week	Negative - Oral - NOAEL

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental effects
Polyoxypropylenediamine	OECD 421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	Negative	Negative	Negative
Diethylenetriamine	OECD 421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	Positive	Positive	Negative
Bisphenol A	OECD 416 Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Rat - Male, Female	Positive	Negative	Negative

Conclusion/Summary

Polyoxypropylenediamine Triethylenetetramine No known significant effects or critical hazards. In accordance with column 2 of Annex VII - X of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, the test for this property of the substance does not need to be conducted.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result/Result type
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat	Negative - Oral
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rabbit	Negative - Dermal
Bisphenol A	OECD 416 Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Rat - Female	Negative - Oral
Tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat - Female	Negative - Oral
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rabbit - Female	Negative - Dermal

Conclusion/Summary

Polyoxypropylenediamine

In accordance with column 2 of Annex VII - X of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, the test for this property of the substance does not need to be conducted.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
			Respiratory tract irritation
Bisphenol A	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory

system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious

effects may be delayed following exposure.

Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact

Ingestion May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

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Short term exposure

Potential Not available.

immediate effects

Potential delayed : Not available.

effects

Long term exposure

Potential Not available.

immediate effects

Potential delayed : Not available.

effects

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Polyoxypropylenediamine	OECD 411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	250 mg/kg/d
	OECD 407 Repeated Dose 28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	239 mg/kg/d
Diethylenetriamine	OECD	Sub-chronic NOEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	70 to 80 mg/kg/d
	No official guidelines	Chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	114 mg/kg/d
	No official guidelines	Sub-acute NOEC Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male, Female	550 mg/m³
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg/d
Bisphenol A	OECD 407 Repeated Dose 28-day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-chronic LOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	600 mg/kg
	Unknown guidelines	Sub-chronic NOEC Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	10 mg/m³
Tetraethylenepentamine	No official guidelines	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg/d
	OECD 410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Rabbit - Male, Female	50 mg/kg/d

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	12035.4 mg/kg 10217.6 mg/kg
	5.062 mg/l

Other information : Not available.

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint		Exposure	Species	Result	
Polyoxypropylenediamine	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute	EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	80	mg/l
	ISO	Acute	EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	418.34	mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish,	Acute	EC50	96 hours	Fish	>15	mg/l
	Acute Toxicity Test OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	ErC50 (growth rate)	Semi-static 72 hours Static	Algae	15	mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute	LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	772.14	mg/l
	OECD 208 Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test	Chronic	EC50	3 hours Static	Bacteria	750	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Chronic	NOEC	72 hours Static	Algae	0.32	mg/l
	OECD 209 Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test	Chronic	NOEC	3 hours Static	Bacteria	310	mg/l
	ISO 10253:2006 - Marine algal growth inhibition test with Skeletonema costatum and Phaeodactylum tricornutum	Chronic	NOECb	72 hours Static	Algae	100	mg/l
Diethylenetriamine	EU EC C.1 Acute Toxicity for Fish	Acute	LC50	96 hours Semi-static	Fish	430	mg/l
Triethylenetetramine	EPA OPPTS EPA OTS 797.1400	Acute	LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	330	mg/l
Bisphenol A	-	Acute Acute	EC50 EC50	96 hours 48 hours	Algae Daphnia	2.5 to 3.1 3.9 to 10. 2	
	- EPA OPPTS	Acute Chronic	LC50 NOEC	96 hours 444 days Flow- through	Fish Fish	7.5 0.016	mg/l mg/l
Tetraethylenepentamine	No official guidelines	Acute	EC50	2 hours Static	Bacteria	97.3	mg/l
	EU EC C.2 Acute Toxicity for Daphnia	Acute	EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	24.1	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	ErC50 (growth rate)	72 hours Static	Algae	6.8	mg/l
	EU EC C.1 Acute Toxicity for Fish	Acute	LC50	96 hours Semi-static	Fish	420	mg/l
	No official guidelines	Chronic	EC10	2 hours Static	Bacteria	46	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition	Chronic	NOEC	72 hours Static	Algae	0.5	mg/l

Test

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Period	Result
Polyoxypropylenediamine	OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO ₂ Evolution Test	28 days	0 %
Diethylenetriamine	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	21 days	87 %
Triethylenetetramine	OECD 302A Inherent Biodegradability: Modified SCAS Test	84 days	20 %
	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	162 days	0 %
Bisphenol A	-	28 days	1 to 2 %
Tetraethylenepentamine	OECD 302A Inherent Biodegradability: Modified SCAS Test	84 days	17 %

Conclusion/Summary

: Polyoxypropylenediamine Diethylenetriamine Triethylenetetramine Not biodegradable Readily biodegradable Not biodegradable

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Polyoxypropylenediamine Diethylenetriamine Bisphenol A Tetraethylenepentamine	Fresh water 360 days - -	0.02 to 0.03 day(s) 50%; 0.11 day(s)	Not readily Readily Not readily Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Polyoxypropylenediamine	1.34	-	low
Diethylenetriamine	-1.58	0.3 to 6.3	low
Triethylenetetramine	-2.65	99	low
Tetraethylenepentamine	-3.16	-	low

Mobility in soil

Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other ecological information

BOD5 : Not determined.
COD : Not determined.
TOC : Not determined.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when

Section 13. Disposal considerations

handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

Proper shipping name

DOT: POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (POLYOXYPROPYLENEDIAMINE,

DIETHYLENETRIAMINE). Marine pollutant

TDG: POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (POLYOXYPROPYLENEDIAMINE,

DIETHYLENETRIAMINE). Marine pollutant

IMDG: POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (POLYOXYPROPYLENEDIAMINE,

DIETHYLENETRIAMINE). Marine pollutant

IATA: POLYAMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (POLYOXYPROPYLENEDIAMINE,

DIETHYLENETRIAMINE)

Regulatory information	UN number	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN3259	8	III	COGNICO NY S	Marine pollutants are only regulated for bulk and vessel shipments, per 49CFR171.4 (c) Exceptions. Except when all or part of the transportation is by vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicle, rail car or aircraft.
TDG Classification	UN3259	8	III		-
IMDG Classification	UN3259	8	III	***	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-B

Section 14. Transport information

IATA Classification UN3259	8	***************************************	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 25 kg Packaging instructions: 860 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 100 kg Packaging instructions: 864
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PG*: Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

United States Regulations

TSCA 8(b) inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rule

(SNUR)

: No ingredients listed.

TSCA 5(e) substance consent order

: No ingredients listed.

TSCA 12(b) export

notification

: No ingredients listed.

SARA 311/312 : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Air Act - Ozone **Depleting Substances** (ODS)

: This product does not contain nor is it manufactured with ozone depleting substances.

Concentration %

Product name

SARA 313 Form R - Reporting

requirements

1.7478 : Bisphenol A

CERCLA Hazardous substances

: No ingredients listed.

State regulations

PENNSYLVANIA - RTK : Bisphenol A, Diethylenetriamine, Triethylenetetramine, Amorphous silica

California Prop 65 : WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of

California to cause cancer.

WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of

California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name Cancer Reproductive

Ethylbenzene Yes. No. Toluene No. Yes.

Canadian regulations

CEPA DSL : All components are listed or exempted.

WHMIS Classes : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Class E: Corrosive material

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Brazil Regulations

Classification system

: Norma ABNT-NBR 14725-2:2012

used

<u>International lists</u>: Australia inventory (AICS): At least one component is not listed.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: At least one component is not listed.

Korea inventory: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

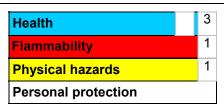
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): At least one component is not listed.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): At least one component is not listed.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

1/30/2014.



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Section 16. Other information

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