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RENCAST® 6400-1 US

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
1.0	07/20/2017	400001012559	Date of first issue: 07/20/2017

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : RENCAST® 6400-1 US

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Huntsman Advanced Materials Americas LLC
Address : P.O. Box 4980
The Woodlands,
TX 77387
United States of America (USA)
Telephone : Non-Emergency: (800) 257-5547

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : MSDS@huntsman.com

Emergency telephone number : Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Component of a Polyurethane System.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Skin irritation : Category 2

Eye irritation : Category 2A

Respiratory sensitisation : Category 1

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure : Category 3 (Respiratory system)

Acute aquatic toxicity : Category 3

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H402 Harmful to aquatic life.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.
P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P391 Collect spillage.
Storage:
P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405 Store locked up.
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved facility in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	50 - 70
Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-,	39310-05-9	20 - 30

homopolymer		
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	61788-32-7	2.5 - 5
Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers)	26447-40-5	1 - 5
triethyl phosphate	78-40-0	1 - 5
terphenyl	26140-60-3	0.25 - 1

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition may be withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Do not leave the victim unattended.
Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : If breathed in, move person into fresh air.
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
Keep patient warm and at rest.
Keep respiratory tract clear.
If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Consult a physician immediately if symptoms such as shortness of breath or asthma are observed.
A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of diisocyanates may develop in sensitised persons.
The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
LC50 (rat) : ca. 490 mg/m³ (4 hours) : using experimentally produced respirable aerosol having aerodynamic diameter <5microns.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.
Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.
An MDI study has demonstrated that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser (such as D-TamTM, PEG-400) or corn oil may be more effective than soap and water.

In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.
Protect unharmed eye.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water.
DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a

physician or poison control center.
Keep respiratory tract clear.
Keep at rest.
If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Severe allergic skin reactions, bronchiospasm and anaphylactic shock
This product is a respiratory irritant and potential respiratory sensitiser: repeated inhalation of vapour or aerosol at levels above the occupational exposure limit could cause respiratory sensitisation.
Symptoms may include irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs, possibly combined with dryness of the throat, tightness of chest and difficulty in breathing.
The onset of the respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure.
A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of MDI may develop in sensitised persons.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.
First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing

Notes to physician : Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours.

The first aid procedure should be established in consultation with the doctor responsible for industrial medicine.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Foam
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Water may be used if no other available and then in copious quantities. Reaction between water and hot isocyanate may be vigorous.

Specific hazards during firefighting : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat.
Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion products : Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).
Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)

Specific extinguishing methods : Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.
Due to reaction with water producing CO2-gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are re-sealed.
Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.
Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Use personal protective equipment.
If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
For additional precautions and advice on safe handling, see section 7.
Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
Make sure that there is a sufficient amount of neutralizing/ absorbent material near the storage area.
The danger areas must be delimited and identified using relevant warning and safety signs.
Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal considerations".
For disposal considerations see section 13.

Environmental precautions : Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.
Prevent product from entering drains.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Clean-up methods - small spillage
Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).
Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Neutralize small spillages with decontaminant.
The compositions of liquid decontaminants are given in Section 16.
Remove and dispose of residues.
Clean-up methods - large spillage
If the product is in its solid form:
Spilled MDI flakes should be picked up carefully.
The area should be vacuum cleaned to remove remaining dust particles completely.
If the product is in its liquid form:
Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
Leave to react for at least 30 minutes.
Shovel into open-top drums for further decontamination.
Wash the spillage area with water.
Test atmosphere for MDI vapour.
Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.
Avoid formation of aerosol.
Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.
Do not breathe vapours/dust.
Do not swallow.
Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.
Do not get on skin or clothing.
Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Keep container closed when not in use.
Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.

Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep in properly labelled containers.
Observe label precautions.
Protect from moisture.
Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Materials to avoid : Acids
Amines
Bases
Metals
water

Recommended storage temperature : 2 - 40 °C

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	TWA	0.005 ppm	ACGIH
		C	0.02 ppm 0.2 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
Terphenyl, hydrogenated	61788-32-7	TWA	0.5 ppm	ACGIH
terphenyl	26140-60-3	C	1 ppm 9 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		C	5 mg/m3	ACGIH

Engineering measures : Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hand protection
Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.
Protective gloves should be worn when handling freshly made polyurethane products to avoid contact with trace residual materials which may be hazardous in contact with skin.

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of glove materials that might provide suitable protection include: Butyl rubber, Chlorinated polyethylene, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol copolymers laminated ("EVAL"), Polychloroprene (Neoprene*), Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"), Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), Fluoroelastomer (Viton*).

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.
Contaminated gloves should be decontaminated and disposed of.

Notice: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all requisite workplace factors such as, but not limited to : other chemicals that may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), as well as instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

Eye protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Chemical splash goggles.
Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent eye contact with the product cannot be excluded.
Please follow all applicable local/national requirements when selecting protective measures for a specific workplace.
Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.
Recommended:
Overall (preferably heavy cotton) or Tyvek-Pro Tech 'C' , Tyvek Pro 'F' disposable coverall.

Protective measures	:	Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	amber
Odour	:	aromatic
Odour Threshold	:	No data is available on the product itself.
pH	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Freezing point	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Melting point		No data is available on the product itself.
Boiling point		No data is available on the product itself.
Flash point	:	> 110 °C Method: closed cup
Evaporation rate	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Vapour pressure	:	0.14663 hPa (71 °C)

Relative vapour density	:	0.01
Relative density	:	1.17 - 1.21
Density	:	1.17 - 1.21 g/cm3
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	Water reactive
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Thermal decomposition	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Self-Accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT)	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Viscosity	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Explosive properties	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Oxidizing properties	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Particle size	:	No data is available on the product itself.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Reaction with water (moisture) produces CO2-gas. Exothermic reaction with materials containing active hydrogen groups. The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of the reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents. MDI is insoluble with, and heavier than water and sinks to the bottom but reacts slowly at the interface. A solid water-insoluble layer of polyurea is formed at the interface by liberating carbon dioxide gas.
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.
Incompatible materials	:	Acids Amines Bases Metals

water

Hazardous decomposition products : Carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide (CO), oxides of nitrogen (NOx), dense black smoke.
Hydrocarbons
Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid)
Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : No data is available on the product itself.

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity - Product : Acute toxicity estimate : > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity - Product : Acute toxicity estimate: 1.61 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: Calculation method

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 9,400 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 9,400 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
GLP: no
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 9,400 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

triethyl phosphate:
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 20,000 mg/kg

terphenyl:
Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
GLP: yes
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Vapours may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system and the skin.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: Causes sensitisation.

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Assessment: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Assessment: May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact.

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Concentration: 200 ug/plate
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex, B.13/14
Result: negative

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Concentration: ca 50 ug/plate
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Test system: rat hepatocytes
Concentration: 0.1 - 1000 µg/ml
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 482
Result: negative
GLP: yes

Test Type: Ames test
Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
Concentration: 0.01 - 10.0 µl/plate
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: see user defined free text
Result: negative
GLP: no

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Result: negative
GLP: yes

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Genotoxicity in vitro : Concentration: 200 ug/plate
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex, B.13/14
Result: negative

triethyl phosphate:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Method: OECD Test Guideline 482
Result: negative

terphenyl:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay
Test system: mammalian liver cells
Concentration: 0.1 - 2ug/ml
Method: OECD Test Guideline 482
Result: negative
GLP: yes
Remarks: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Genotoxicity in vivo : Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 3 Weeks
Dose: 118 mg/m3
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Genotoxicity in vivo : Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 3 Weeks
Dose: 118 mg/m3
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: in vivo assay
Species: Rat (male and female)
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Exposure time: Single administration
Dose: 250, 1250, 2500 mg/kg bw
Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
Result: negative
GLP: yes

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Genotoxicity in vivo : Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 3 Weeks
Dose: 118 mg/m3
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

triethyl phosphate:
Genotoxicity in vivo : Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection
Method: OECD Test Guideline 478
Result: negative

terphenyl:
Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: in vivo assay
Species: Rat (male and female)
Cell type: Bone marrow
Application Route: Subcutaneous
Exposure time: 6-24 h
Dose: 0-500 mg/kg bw
Method: OECD Test Guideline 475
Result: In vivo tests did not show any chromosomal changes.
GLP: yes

Components:

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : No data available

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Rats have been exposed for two years to a respirable aerosol of polymeric MDI which resulted in a chronic pulmonary irritation at high concentrations. Only at the top level (6 mg/m3), there was a significant incidence of a benign tumour of the lung (adenoma) and one malignant tumour (adenocarcinoma). There were no lung tumours at 1 mg/m3 and no effects at 0.2 mg/m3.

Overall, the tumour incidence, both benign and malignant, and the number of animals with the tumours were not different from controls. The increased incidence of lung tumours is associated with prolonged respiratory irritation and the concurrent accumulation of yellow material in the lung, which occurred throughout the study. In the absence of prolonged exposure to high concentrations leading to chronic irritation and lung damage, it is highly unlikely that tumour formation will occur.

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : No data available

IARC No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

ACGIH No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

OSHA No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation study
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Frequency of Treatment: 7 days/week
General Toxicity - Parent: No observed adverse effect level: 1,000 ppm
General Toxicity F1: No observed adverse effect level: 300 ppm
Method: OECD Test Guideline 416
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.
GLP: yes

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Inhalation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Effects on foetal development : Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Inhalation
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 4 mg/m³
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: No teratogenic effects

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Inhalation
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 4 mg/m³
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: No teratogenic effects

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Oral
Dose: 125, 500, 1500 mg/kg bw/d
Frequency of Treatment: 1 daily
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 125 mg/kg body weight
Embryo-foetal toxicity: No observed adverse effect level: 500 mg/kg body weight
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
GLP: yes

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Inhalation
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 4 mg/m³
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: No teratogenic effects

triethyl phosphate:
Species: Rat
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 125 mg/kg body weight
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: No teratogenic effects

Components:

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, or on development, based on animal experiments.

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Exposure routes: Inhalation
Target Organs: Respiratory Tract
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Exposure routes: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)
Target Organs: Respiratory Tract
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Exposure routes: Inhalation
Target Organs: Respiratory Tract
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

No data available

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Species: Rat, male and female
NOEC: 0.2 mg/m3
Exposure time: 2 yr
Number of exposures: 5 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Species: Rat, male and female
NOEC: 0.2 mg/m3
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Exposure time: 2 yr
Number of exposures: 5 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 12 mg/kg
LOAEL: 120 mg/kg
Application Route: oral (feed)
Exposure time: 14 weeks
Number of exposures: 7 days/week
Method: OECD Test Guideline 408
GLP: yes

Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 0.1 mg/l
LOAEL: 0.5 mg/l
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 90 days
Number of exposures: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week (67 n
Dose: 0, 10, 100, 500 mg/m³
Method: OECD Test Guideline 413
GLP: yes

Species: Rabbit, male and female
NOAEL: 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 21 days
Number of exposures: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week
Dose: 125, 500, 2000 mg/kg bw/d
Method: Subacute toxicity
GLP: yes
Target Organs: Skin

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Species: Rat, male and female
NOEC: 0.2 mg/m3
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Exposure time: 2 yr
Number of exposures: 5 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

triethyl phosphate:
Species: Rat, male and female
NOEC: 1000 mg/kg, 366 mg/m3
Application Route: Ingestion
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Exposure time: 4 Weeks
Number of exposures: 7 d
Method: Subacute toxicity

Components:

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Repeated dose toxicity - Assessment : No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Repeated dose toxicity - Assessment : No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

Aspiration toxicity

No data available

Experience with human exposure

General Information: No data available

Inhalation: No data available

Skin contact: No data available

Eye contact: No data available

Ingestion: No data available

Toxicology, Metabolism, Distribution

No data available

Neurological effects

No data available

Further information

Product:

Remarks: No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:

Toxicity to fish : LC50: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

triethyl phosphate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water

terphenyl:
Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 27 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
GLP: yes

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
GLP: yes

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

triethyl phosphate:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : LC50: > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water

(Daphnia magna (Water flea)):

terphenyl:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : LC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.27 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
GLP: yes

Components:

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1,640 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Toxicity to algae : EC50: 56 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1,640 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

triethyl phosphate:
Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 901 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water

terphenyl:
Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 15-29 µg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: Growth inhibition
GLP: no

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : No data available

Components:

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : GLP: no

terphenyl:
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : see user defined free text (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.049 mg/l
Exposure time: 34 d
GLP: yes

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test Type: semi-static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test Type: semi-static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): < 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test Type: semi-static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
GLP: yes

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): >= 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test Type: semi-static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

triethyl phosphate:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 31.6 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

terphenyl:
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : see user defined free text (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0048 - 0.0070 mg/L
Exposure time: 21 d
Test Type: flow-through test
GLP: yes

Components:

terphenyl:
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10

Components:

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (activated sludge): 103 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

triethyl phosphate:
Toxicity to microorganisms : (Pseudomonas putida): 2,985 mg/l
Exposure time: 0.5 h
Test Type: static test

Test substance: Fresh water

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms : NOEC (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): >= 1,000 mg/kg
Exposure time: 336 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms : EC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg
Exposure time: 336 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms : EC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg
Exposure time: 336 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Plant toxicity : No data available

Sediment toxicity : No data available

Toxicity to terrestrial organisms : No data available

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Components:

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Acute aquatic toxicity : This product has no known ecotoxicological effects.

terphenyl:
Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Components:

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Chronic aquatic toxicity : May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

terphenyl:
Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity Data on Soil : No data available

Other organisms relevant to the environment : No data available

Persistence and degradability

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: Domestic sewage
Concentration: 30 mg/l
Result: Not biodegradable
Biodegradation: 0 %

Exposure time: 28 d
Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: Domestic sewage
Concentration: 30 mg/l
Result: Not biodegradable
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):

Biodegradability : Inoculum: Domestic sewage
Concentration: 30 mg/l
Result: Not biodegradable
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)

triethyl phosphate:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: activated sludge
Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 0 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Inoculum: activated sludge
Result: Inherently biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 98 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 302B

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) : No data available

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) : No data available

BOD/COD : No data available

ThOD : No data available

BOD/ThOD : No data available

Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) : No data available

Physico-chemical removability : No data available

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Stability in water : Degradation half life(DT50): 20 hrs (25 °C)
Method: No information available.
Remarks: Fresh water

triethyl phosphate:
Stability in water : Degradation half life(DT50): 5.5 yr (25 °C) pH: 7
Remarks: Fresh water

Photodegradation : No data available

Impact on Sewage Treatment : No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200
Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200
Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):
Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200
Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 439
Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

triethyl phosphate:
Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 0.5 - 0.8
Exposure time: 42 d
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: semi-static test

Components:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 4.51 (20 °C)
pH: 7
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-, homopolymer:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 8.56 (20 °C)

Terphenyl, hydrogenated:
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 6.5

Methylenediphenyldiisocyanate (mixed isomers):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 4.51 (22 °C) pH: 7 Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

triethyl phosphate:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	log Pow: 1.11 Method: Partition coefficient

Mobility in soil

Mobility	:	No data available
Distribution among environmental compartments	:	No data available
Stability in soil	:	No data available

Other adverse effects

Environmental fate and pathways	:	No data available
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	:	No data available
Endocrine disrupting potential	:	No data available
Adsorbed organic bound halogens (AOX)	:	No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Ozone-Depletion Potential	:	Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I Substances Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).
Additional ecological information	:	No data available
Global warming potential (GWP)	:	No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.
Dispose of as unused product.
Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Terphenyl)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964

IMDG

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Terphenyl)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

DOT Classification

UN/ID/NA number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Terphenyl)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	CLASS 9
ERG Code	:	171
Marine pollutant	:	yes(Terphenyl)
Remarks	:	Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it

may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	5000	7974

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Skin corrosion or irritation
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitisation
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	>= 50 - < 70 %

The following chemical(s) are listed as HAP under the U.S. Clean Air Act, Section 12 (40 CFR 61):

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

CH INV	:	The formulation contains substances listed on the Swiss Inventory, On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
DSL	:	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
AICS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	not determined
ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
IECSC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TCSI	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Inventories

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), REACH (European Union), ENCS (Japan), ISHL (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (USA)

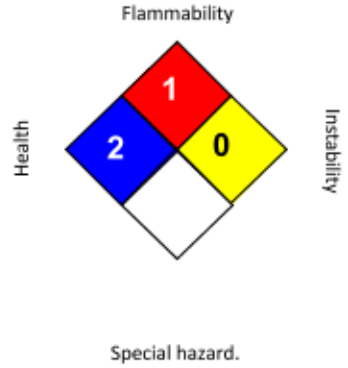
TSCA - 5(a) Significant New Use Rule List of Chemicals
No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D)
No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

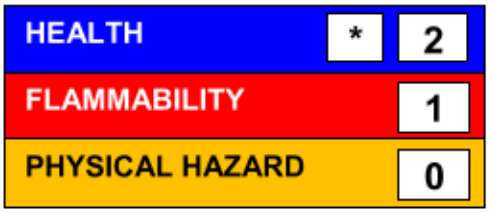
SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA:



HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Liquid decontaminants (percentages by weight or volume) :
Decontaminant 1 : *- sodium carbonate : 5 - 10 % *- liquid detergent : 0.2 - 2 % *- water : to make up to 100 %
Decontaminant 2 : *- concentrated ammonia solution : 3 - 8 % *- liquid detergent : 0.2 - 2 % *- water : to make up to 100 %
Decontaminant 1 reacts slower with diisocyanates but is more environmentally friendly than decontaminant 2.
Decontaminant 2 contains ammonia. Ammonia presents health hazards. (See supplier safety information.)

Revision Date	:	07/20/2017
ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
ACGIH / C	:	Ceiling limit
OSHA Z-1 / C	:	Ceiling

The information and recommendations in this publication are to the best of our knowledge, information and belief accurate at the date of publication, NOTHING HEREIN IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS A WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR OTHERWISE.

IN ALL CASES, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF SUCH INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS AND THE SUITABILITY OF ANY PRODUCT FOR ITS OWN PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THE PRODUCT MAY PRESENT HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. WHILE CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED IN THIS PUBLICATION, NO GUARANTEE IS MADE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

Hazards, toxicity and behaviour of the products may differ when used with other materials and are dependent upon the manufacturing circumstances or other processes. Such hazards, toxicity and behaviour should be determined by the user and made known to handlers, processors and end users.

NO PERSON OR ORGANIZATION EXCEPT A DULY AUTHORIZED HUNTSMAN EMPLOYEE IS AUTHORIZED TO PROVIDE OR MAKE AVAILABLE DATA SHEETS FOR HUNTSMAN PRODUCTS. DATA SHEETS FROM UNAUTHORIZED SOURCES MAY CONTAIN INFORMATION THAT IS NO LONGER CURRENT OR ACCURATE.

HUNTSMAN
Enriching lives through innovation

REN® 6400-3 US

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 01/19/2016
1.1	11/30/2018	400000002001	Date of first issue: 01/19/2016

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : REN® 6400-3 US

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : Huntsman Advanced Materials Americas LLC
Address : P.O. Box 4980
The Woodlands,
TX 77387
United States of America (USA)
Telephone : Non-Emergency: (800) 257-5547

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS : SDS@huntsman.com

Emergency telephone number : Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Component of a Polyurethane System.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves.
Response:
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage:
Not available
Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved facility in

accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane	1675-54-3	0.25 - 1
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1 - 1
PHENYLMERCURIC SUBSTANCE	Not Assigned	0.1 - 0.25

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition may be withheld as a trade secret.

Both 25068-38-6 and 1675-54-3 can be used to describe the epoxy resin which is produced through the reaction of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Move out of dangerous area. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Treat symptomatically. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
If inhaled	:	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
In case of skin contact	:	If on skin, rinse well with water.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eyes with water as a precaution. Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Keep respiratory tract clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	None known.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	No information available.
Hazardous combustion products	:	No hazardous combustion products are known
Specific extinguishing methods	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Further information	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Environmental precautions	:	Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Advice on safe handling	:	Do not breathe vapours/dust. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations. Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.
Conditions for safe storage	:	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labelled containers.

Materials to avoid : For incompatible materials please refer to Section 10 of this SDS.

Further information on storage stability : Stable under normal conditions.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (total dust)	15 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 mg/m3 (Titanium dioxide)	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

Hand protection
Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water
Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing
Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Colour : white

Odour : slight

Odour Threshold : No data is available on the product itself.

pH : No data is available on the product itself.

Freezing point : No data is available on the product itself.

Melting point : No data is available on the product itself.

Boiling point : No data is available on the product itself.

Flash point	:	> 374 °F / > 190 °C
Evaporation rate	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Flammability (liquids)	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Vapour pressure	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Relative vapour density	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Relative density	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Density	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Thermal decomposition	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Self-Accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT)	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Viscosity	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Explosive properties	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Oxidizing properties	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Particle size	:	No data is available on the product itself.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	No hazards to be specially mentioned.
Conditions to avoid	:	None known.

Incompatible materials : None known.

Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure : No data is available on the product itself.

Acute toxicity

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:
Acute oral toxicityComponents : LD50 (Rat, female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

titanium dioxide:
Acute oral toxicityComponents : LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 425
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

PHENYLMERCURIC SUBSTANCE:
Acute oral toxicityComponents : LD50 Oral (Rat): 50 - 200 mg/kg
Assessment: The component/mixture is highly toxic after single ingestion.

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 3.43 - 5.09 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

PHENYLMERCURIC SUBSTANCE:
Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is highly toxic after short term inhalation.

Acute dermal toxicity - Product : Acute toxicity estimate : 2,232 mg/kg
Method: Calculation method

Acute toxicity (other routes of administration) : No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:
Species: Rabbit
Assessment: Mild skin irritant
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Irritating to skin.

titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Assessment: No skin irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Normally reversible injuries

PHENYLMERCURIC SUBSTANCE:
Result: Corrosive after 4 hours or less of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Irritating to eyes.
Assessment: Mild eye irritant
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

titanium dioxide:
Species: Rabbit
Result: Normally reversible injuries
Assessment: No eye irritation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

PHENYLMERCURIC SUBSTANCE:
Result: Corrosive

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:
Exposure routes: Skin
Species: Mouse
Assessment: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: Causes sensitisation.

titanium dioxide:
Test Type: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Exposure routes: Skin
Species: Mouse
Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 429
Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Exposure routes: Skin
Species: Guinea pig

Assessment: Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406
Result: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Assessment: No skin irritation, No eye irritation
Does not cause skin sensitisation., Does not cause respiratory sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: positive

Concentration: 0 - 5000 ug/plate
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: positive

titanium dioxide:
Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test
Concentration: 100 - 200 ug/plate
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 471
Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test
Concentration: 31 - 500 µg/L
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 476
Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro
Concentration: 125 - 2500 µg/L
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: OECD Test Guideline 473
Result: negative

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:
Genotoxicity in vivo : Cell type: Germ
Application Route: Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 478
Result: negative

Cell type: Somatic
Application Route: Oral
Dose: 0 - 5000 mg/kg
Method: OPPTS 870.5395
Result: negative

titanium dioxide:
Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Mouse (males)
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 5 consecutive days
Dose: 0.8, 7.2, and 28.5 mg/m³
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test
Species: Rat (male and female)
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: once
Dose: 500, 1000, and 2000 mg/kg bw
Method: OECD Test Guideline 474
Result: negative

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects., Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : No data available

Carcinogenicity

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 24 month(s)
Dose: 15 mg/kg
Frequency of Treatment: 7 days/week
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: negative

Species: Mouse, male
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 24 month(s)
Dose: 0.1 mg/kg
Frequency of Treatment: 3 days/week
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: negative

Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Dermal
Exposure time: 24 month(s)
Dose: 1 mg/kg
Frequency of Treatment: 5 days/week
Method: OECD Test Guideline 453
Result: negative

titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Exposure time: 103 weeks
Dose: 0, 25000, 50000 ppm
Frequency of Treatment: 7 days/week
NOAEL: > 50.000 ppm

Method: No information available.
Remarks: Titanium Dioxide: based on the results of chronic inhalation studies (with positive results only in a single species - rat), IARC has concluded that: "There is inadequate evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide. " but that : "There is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide". IARCs overall evaluation was that "titanium dioxide is possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B)."

Huntsman has examined all of the available animal carcinogenicity and mechanistic data together with workplace epidemiology data for titanium dioxide and concludes that the weight of scientific evidence indicates that there is no causative link between titanium dioxide exposure and cancer risk in humans and that workplace exposures in compliance with applicable exposure standards will not result in lung cancer or chronic respiratory diseases in humans.

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
IARC	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans titanium dioxide
ACGIH	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Effects on fertility	: Test Type: Two-generation study Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Oral Dose: >750 milligram per kilogram General Toxicity - Parent: No-observed-effect level: 540 mg/kg body weight General Toxicity F1: No-observed-effect level: 540 mg/kg body weight Symptoms: No adverse effects Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: No effects on fertility and early embryonic development were detected.

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Effects on foetal development : Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: Dermal
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 30 mg/kg body weight
Method: Other guidelines
Result: No teratogenic effects

Species: Rabbit, female
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 60 mg/kg body weight
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: No teratogenic effects

Species: Rat, female
Application Route: Oral
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 180 mg/kg body weight
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: No teratogenic effects

titanium dioxide:

Species: Rat, male and female
Application Route: Oral
Dose: 100, 300, and 1000 mg/kg bw/
Duration of Single Treatment: 20 d
Frequency of Treatment: 7 days/week
General Toxicity Maternal: No observed adverse effect level: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Developmental Toxicity: No observed adverse effect level: 1,000 mg/kg body weight
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: No adverse effects

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

No data available

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

PHENYLMERCURIC SUBSTANCE:
Target Organs: Central nervous system, Kidney
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:
Species: Rat, male and female
NOAEL: 50 mg/kg
Application Route: Ingestion
Exposure time: 14 Weeks
Number of exposures: 7 d
Method: Subchronic toxicity

Species: Rat, male and female
NOEL: 10 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Number of exposures: 5 d
Method: Subchronic toxicity

Species: Mouse, male
NOAEL: 100 mg/kg
Application Route: Skin contact
Exposure time: 13 Weeks
Number of exposures: 3 d
Method: Subchronic toxicity

titanium dioxide:
Species: Rat, male and female
NOEC: 3500 mg/m3
Application Route: Ingestion
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Exposure time: 2 yr
Number of exposures: 5 d
Method: Chronic toxicity

Species: Rat, male and female
NOEC: 10 - 50 mg/m3
Application Route: Inhalation
Exposure time: 2 yr
Number of exposures: 6 hours/day, 5 days/week
Method: Chronic toxicity

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Repeated dose toxicity - Assessment : No skin irritation, No eye irritation
No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

Aspiration toxicity

No data available

Experience with human exposure

General Information: No data available

Inhalation: No data available

Skin contact: No data available

Eye contact: No data available

Ingestion: No data available

Toxicology, Metabolism, Distribution

No data available

Neurological effects

No data available

Further information

Ingestion: No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.5 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test
Test substance: Marine water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.7 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Toxicity to algae : EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 9.4 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: EPA-660/3-75-009

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : No data available

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : No data available

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.3 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
Test Type: semi-static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : No data available

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Toxicity to microorganisms : IC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms : No data available

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Plant toxicity : NOEC: 100,000 mg/kg
Exposure time: 480 h

Components:

titanium dioxide:

Sediment toxicity : (Gammarus pulex (Amphipod)): > 100000 mg/kgsedimentdw
Study: Acute
Test Type: semi-static test
Water: Fresh water
Exposure duration: 28 d
Method: ASTM Method, other

(Gammarus pulex (Amphipod)): 100000 mg/kgsedimentdw
Study: Chronic
Test Type: semi-static test
Water: Fresh water

Exposure duration: 28 d
Method: ASTM Method, other

(Gammarus pulex (Amphipod)): 14989 mg/kgsedimentdw
Study: Acute
Test Type: semi-static test
Water: Marine water
Exposure duration: 10 d

Components:

titanium dioxide:
Toxicity to terrestrial organisms : NOEC: 10,000 mg/kg
Exposure time: 672 h

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Components:

PHENYLMERCURIC SUBSTANCE:
Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Components:

PHENYLMERCURIC SUBSTANCE:
Chronic aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxicity Data on Soil : No data available

Other organisms relevant to the environment : No data available

Persistence and degradability

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:
Biodegradability : Inoculum: Sewage (STP effluent)
Concentration: 20 mg/l
Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) : No data available

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) : No data available

BOD/COD : No data available

ThOD : No data available

BOD/ThOD : No data available

Dissolved organic carbon : No data available

(DOC)

Physico-chemical removability : No data available

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Stability in water : Degradation half life(DT50): 4.83 d (77 °F / 25 °C) pH: 4
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111
Remarks: Fresh water

Degradation half life(DT50): 7.1 d (77 °F / 25 °C) pH: 9
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111
Remarks: Fresh water

Degradation half life(DT50): 3.58 d (77 °F / 25 °C) pH: 7
Method: OECD Test Guideline 111
Remarks: Fresh water

Photodegradation : No data available

Impact on Sewage Treatment : No data available

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Bioaccumulation : Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 31
Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

titanium dioxide:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 19 - 352
Exposure time: 14 d
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: semi-static test
Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 3.242 (77 °F / 25 °C)
pH: 7.1
Method: OECD Test Guideline 117

Mobility in soil

Mobility : No data available

Components:

2,2'-[(1-methylethylidene)bis(4,1-phenyleneoxymethylene)]bisoxirane:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Koc: 445

Stability in soil : No data available

Other adverse effects

Environmental fate and pathways	:	No data available
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	:	No data available
Endocrine disrupting potential	:	No data available
Adsorbed organic bound halogens (AOX)	:	No data available

Hazardous to the ozone layer

Ozone-Depletion Potential	:	Regulation: 40 CFR Protection of Environment; Part 82 Protection of Stratospheric Ozone - CAA Section 602 Class I Substances Remarks: This product neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or Class II ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR 82, Subpt. A, App.A + B).
Additional ecological information	:	No data available
Global warming potential (GWP)	:	No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company. Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and national regulations. Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

IATA
Not regulated as dangerous goods

IMDG
Not regulated as dangerous goods

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

DOT Classification
Not regulated as dangerous goods

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
PHENYLMERCURIC SUBSTANCE	Not Assigned	1	446
1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane	106-89-8	100	*

*: Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Respiratory or skin sensitisation

SARA 313 : This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

This product does not contain any hazardous air pollutants (HAP), as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 112 (40 CFR 61).

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including titanium dioxide, 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, di-C9-11-branched alkyl esters, C10-rich, 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, 4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

CH INV	:	The formulation contains substances listed on the Swiss Inventory
DSL	:	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
AICS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TCSI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

Inventories

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), REACH (European Union), ENCS (Japan), ISHL (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIoC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (USA)

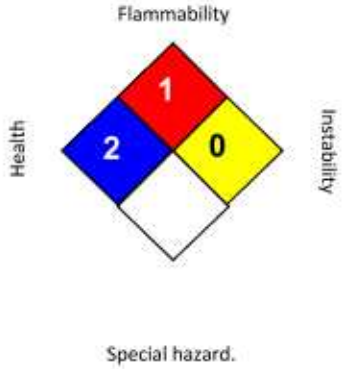
TSCA - 5(a) Significant New Use Rule List of Chemicals
No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D)
No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



HMIS® IV:

HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Revision Date	:	11/30/2018
ACGIH	:	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants
ACGIH / TWA	:	8-hour, time-weighted average
OSHA Z-1 / TWA	:	8-hour time weighted average

The information and recommendations in this publication are to the best of our knowledge, information and belief accurate at the date of publication, NOTHING HEREIN IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS A WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR OTHERWISE.

IN ALL CASES, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF SUCH INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS AND THE SUITABILITY OF ANY PRODUCT FOR ITS OWN PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THE PRODUCT MAY PRESENT HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. WHILE CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED IN THIS PUBLICATION, NO GUARANTEE IS MADE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

Hazards, toxicity and behaviour of the products may differ when used with other materials and are dependent upon the manufacturing circumstances or other processes. Such hazards, toxicity and behaviour should be determined by the user and made known to handlers, processors and end users.

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