

SAFETY DATA SHEET

ARALDITE® AV 8531 US

1. Product and company identification

Product name : ARALDITE® AV 8531 US
Material uses : Resin for adhesive systems
MSDS # : 00055363
Validation date : 5/2/2013.



Supplier/Manufacturer : Huntsman Advanced Materials Americas LLC
P.O. Box 4980
The Woodlands, TX 77387

Non-Emergency phone: (800) 257-5547

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : MSDS@huntsman.com

In case of emergency (24h/7day) : Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid. [Paste.]
Odor : Slight
Color : Black.
OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : Causes serious eye irritation.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements : Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC), neoprene, nitrile rubber, Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL), butyl rubber. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Collect spillage. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES:

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	60 - 100	28064-14-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Call medical doctor or poison control center immediately if large quantities have been ingested.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flash point** : Closed cup: 235°C (455°F) [Estimated]
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
metal oxide/oxides

Extinguishing media

5/2/2013.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.
- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** :

Section 7. Handling and storage

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

- Appropriate engineering controls** : No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC), neoprene, nitrile rubber, Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL), butyl rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid. [Paste.]		
Color	: Black.		
Odor	: Slight		
Odor threshold	: Not available.		
pH	: 7 [Conc. (% w/w): 50%]		
Melting point/Freezing point	: Not available.		
Boiling/condensation point	: >330°C (>626°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 235°C (455°F) [Estimated]		
Evaporation rate	: Not available.		
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.		
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.		
Vapor pressure	: <0.00001 kPa (<0.000075 mm Hg) [room temperature]		
Vapor density	: Not available.		
Specific gravity	: Not available.		
Water Solubility	: Not available.	20	deg C
Water Solubility	: Insoluble		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.		
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	: >200°C (>392°F)		
Density	: 1.32 to 1.35 g/cm³ [25°C (77°F)]		
Viscosity	: Not available.		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	- OECD 402 Acute Dermal Toxicity OECD 420 Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method	LC0 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male Rat - Male, Female	0.00001 ppm >2000 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral	Rat - Female	>2000 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant
	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Mild irritant

Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : Epoxy phenol novolac resin Slightly irritating to the skin.
- Eyes** : Epoxy phenol novolac resin Slightly irritating to the eyes.
- Respiratory** : Epoxy phenol novolac resin No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 429 Skin Sensitization: Local Lymph Node Assay	skin	Mouse	Sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic Metabolic activation: +/-	Positive
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Germ	Negative
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative

- Conclusion/Summary** : Epoxy phenol novolac resin The weight of the scientific evidence indicates that this material is non-genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result/Result type
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Rat - Male, Female	15 mg/kg	2 years; 7 days per week	Negative - Oral - NOAEL
	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Rat - Female	1 mg/kg	2 years; 5 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL
	OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse - Male	0.1 mg/kg	2 years; 3 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental effects
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 416 Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study	Rat - Male, Female	Negative	Negative	-

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result/Result type
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rat - Female	Negative - Oral
	-	Rabbit - Female	Negative - Dermal
	OECD 414 Prenatal Developmental Toxicity Study	Rabbit - Female	Negative - Oral

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD 408 Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	50 mg/kg
	OECD 411 Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-day Study	Sub-chronic NOEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	10 mg/kg
	OECD 411 Subchronic Dermal	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal	Mouse - Male	100 mg/kg

Section 11. Toxicological information

	Toxicity: 90-day Study			
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.		
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Exposure	Species	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	-	Acute EC50	72 hours Static	Algae	9.4 mg/l
	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	1.7 mg/l
	-	Acute IC50	3 hours Static	Bacteria	>100 mg/l
	OECD 203 Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	Acute LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	1.5 mg/l
	OECD 211 <i>Daphnia Magna</i> Reproduction Test	Chronic NOEC	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	0.3 mg/l

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Period	Result
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	OECD Derived from OECD 301F (Biodegradation Test)	28 days	5 %
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	Fresh water 4.83 days Fresh water 3.58 days Fresh water 7.1 days	-	Not readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Epoxy phenol novolac resin	3.242	31	low

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other ecological information

BOD₅ : Not determined.
COD : Not determined.
TOC : Not determined.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Section 14. Transport information

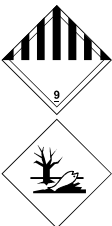
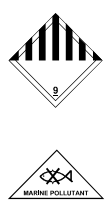
Proper shipping name

DOT : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (EPOXYPHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN). Marine pollutant





TDG : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (EPOXYPHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN). Marine pollutant

IMDG : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (EPOXYPHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN). Marine pollutant

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (EPOXYPHENOL NOVOLAC RESIN)

Regulatory information	UN number	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN3082	9	III		Only regulated for bulk and vessel shipments, per 49CFR171.4 (c) Exceptions. Except when all or part of the transportation is by vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicle, rail car or aircraft.
TDG Classification	UN3082	9	III		-

Section 14. Transport information

IMDG Classification	UN3082	9	III	 	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F
IATA Classification	UN3082	9	III	 	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

U.S. Federal regulations

- TSCA 8(b) inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.
- TSCA 5(a)2 final significant new use rule (SNUR)** : No ingredients listed.
- TSCA 5(e) substance consent order** : No ingredients listed.
- TSCA 12(b) export notification** : No ingredients listed.
- SARA 311/312** : Immediate (acute) health hazard
- Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : No ingredients listed.
- Clean Air Act - Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)** : This product does not contain nor is it manufactured with ozone depleting substances.
- SARA 313** : No ingredients listed.
- CERCLA Hazardous substances** : No ingredients listed.

State regulations

- PENNSYLVANIA - RTK** : Limestone

Section 15. Regulatory information

California Prop 65 : **WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

<u>Ingredient name</u>	<u>Cancer</u>	<u>Reproductive</u>
Methanol	No.	Yes.

International regulations

Canada

CEPA DSL : All components are listed or exempted.

WHMIS Classes : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Brazil

Regulation : Decreto Federal n.º 2657 de 3 de novembro de 1998

International lists

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.
Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.) :

Health	2
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



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Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Date of printing : 5/2/2013.
Date of issue : 5/2/2013.
Date of previous issue : No previous validation.
Version : 1

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

ARALDITE® is a registered trademark of Huntsman Corporation or an affiliate thereof in one or more countries, but not all countries.

Notice to reader

While the information and recommendations in this publication are to the best of our knowledge, information and belief accurate at the date of publication, NOTHING HEREIN IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS A WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR OTHERWISE.

IN ALL CASES, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF SUCH INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS AND THE SUITABILITY OF ANY PRODUCT FOR ITS OWN PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THE PRODUCT MAY PRESENT HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. WHILE CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED IN THIS PUBLICATION, NO GUARANTEE IS MADE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

Hazards, toxicity and behaviour of the products may differ when used with other materials and are dependent upon the manufacturing circumstances or other processes. Such hazards, toxicity and behaviour should be determined by the user and made known to handlers, processors and end users.

NO PERSON OR ORGANIZATION EXCEPT A DULY AUTHORIZED HUNTSMAN EMPLOYEE IS AUTHORIZED TO PROVIDE OR MAKE AVAILABLE DATA SHEETS FOR HUNTSMAN PRODUCTS. DATA SHEETS FROM UNAUTHORIZED SOURCES MAY CONTAIN INFORMATION THAT IS NO LONGER CURRENT OR ACCURATE. NO PART OF THIS DATA SHEET MAY BE REPRODUCED OR TRANSMITTED IN ANY FORM, OR BY ANY MEANS, WITHOUT PERMISSION IN WRITING FROM HUNTSMAN. ALL REQUESTS FOR PERMISSION TO REPRODUCE MATERIAL FROM THIS DATA SHEET SHOULD BE DIRECTED TO HUNTSMAN, MANAGER, PRODUCT SAFETY AT THE ABOVE ADDRESS.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

HARDENER HV 8531 US

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : **HARDENER HV 8531 US**
Product code : 00057197
Other means of identification : Not available.
Product type : Liquid.
Material uses : Hardener for adhesive systems
Supplier's details : Huntsman Advanced Materials Americas LLC
P.O. Box 4980
The Woodlands, TX 77387

Non-Emergency phone: (800) 257-5547

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : MSDS@huntsman.com

Emergency telephone number (24h/7day) : Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 or (703) 527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION [Fertility] - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION [Unborn child] - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 4%
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown hazards to the aquatic environment: 4%

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Causes serious eye damage.
Causes skin irritation.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Lamine (EVAL), butyl rubber. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Store locked up. Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]amino]butyl-terminated	30 - 60	68683-29-4
DIMER FATTY ACID (C18) POLYAMIDOAMINE RESIN	7 - 13	68410-23-1
para-t-butylphenol	3 - 7	98-54-4
Aminoethylpiperazine	1 - 3	140-31-8
Diethylenetriamine	1 - 3	111-40-0
Benzyl Alcohol	1 - 3	100-51-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.



Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [Estimated]

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.



Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store between the following temperatures: 2 to 40°C (35.6 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Diethylenetriamine	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 4.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls :



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL), butyl rubber
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Thermal hazards** : Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Paste.]
- Color** : Cream
- Odor** : Ammoniacal.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not available.
- Melting point/Freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling/condensation point** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [Estimated]
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Insoluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Density	: 1.24 g/cm ³ [25°C (77°F)]
Viscosity	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[2-(1-piperaziny)ethyl]amino] butyl-terminated	Unknown guidelines	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>3 g/kg
DIMER FATTY ACID (C18)	Unknown guidelines	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15.4 g/kg
POLYAMIDOAMINE RESIN	-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6.5 g/kg
para-t-butylphenol	-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>16 g/kg
	Unknown guidelines	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2288 mg/kg
	Not known			
	Unknown guidelines	LD50 Oral	Rat	4000 mg/kg
	Not known			
Aminoethylpiperazine	No official guidelines	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	866 mg/kg
	No official guidelines	LD50 Oral	Rabbit - Male	2097 mg/kg



Section 11. Toxicological information

Diethylenetriamine	OECD 403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity No official guidelines	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal	Rat - Male, Female Rabbit	0.185 mg/l
Benzyl Alcohol	No official guidelines OECD 403 Acute Inhalation Toxicity OECD 401 Acute Oral Toxicity	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Oral	Rat - Male Rat - Male, Female Rat - Male	1045 mg/kg 1620 mg/kg >4178 mg/m³ 1620 mg/kg

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result
2-propenenitrile polymer with 1, 3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]amino]butyl-terminated	Unknown guidelines	Rabbit	Eyes - Mild irritant
para-t-butylphenol	Unknown guidelines	Rabbit	Skin - Moderate irritant
Aminoethylpiperazine	Unknown guidelines Not known	Rabbit	Eyes - Irritant
Diethylenetriamine	Unknown guidelines Not known	Rabbit	Skin - Irritant
Benzyl Alcohol	No official guidelines	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
	No official guidelines	Rabbit	Eyes - Severe irritant
	No official guidelines	Rabbit	Skin - Corrosive
	No official guidelines	Rabbit	Eyes - Corrosive
	OECD 404 Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Skin - Non-irritant.
	OECD 405 Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion	Rabbit	Eyes - Irritant

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

- : 2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]amino]butyl-terminated : Irritating to skin.
- DIMER FATTY ACID (C18) : No additional information.
- POLYAMIDOAMINE RESIN
- para-t-butylphenol : Irritating to skin.
- Aminoethylpiperazine : Corrosive to eyes and skin.
- Diethylenetriamine : Corrosive to the skin.
- Benzyl Alcohol : Non-irritating to the skin.

Eyes

- : 2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]amino]butyl-terminated : Slightly irritating to the eyes.
- DIMER FATTY ACID (C18) : No additional information.
- POLYAMIDOAMINE RESIN
- para-t-butylphenol : Irritating to eyes.
- Aminoethylpiperazine : Corrosive to eyes and skin.
- Diethylenetriamine : Corrosive to eyes.
- Benzyl Alcohol : Irritating to eyes.

Respiratory

:



Section 11. Toxicological information

2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene,
1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[
[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]
amino]butyl-terminated
DIMER FATTY ACID (C18) No additional information.
POLYAMIDOAMINE
RESIN
para-t-butylphenol No additional information.
Aminoethylpiperazine No additional information.
Diethylenetriamine No additional information.
Benzyl Alcohol No additional information.

Sensitization

Product/ingredient name	Test	Route of exposure	Species	Result
2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]amino] butyl-terminated Aminoethylpiperazine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
Diethylenetriamine	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
	OECD 406 Skin Sensitization	skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing
	No official guidelines	Respiratory	Mouse	Not sensitizing
Benzyl Alcohol	-	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Aminoethylpiperazine	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria Metabolic activation: +/-	Negative
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Metabolic activation: +/-	Negative
	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative
Diethylenetriamine	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Insect	Negative
	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal Cell: Somatic	Negative
Benzyl Alcohol	Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal	Negative

Conclusion/Summary :

Aminoethylpiperazine Not mutagenic in a standard battery of genetic toxicological tests.
Diethylenetriamine No mutagenic effect.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Dose	Exposure	Result/Result type
Diethylenetriamine	No official guidelines OECD 453 Combined Chronic Toxicity/ Carcinogenicity Studies	Mouse - Male	56.3 mg/kg	3 days per week 103 weeks; 5 days per week	Negative - Dermal - NOEL
Benzyl Alcohol		Rat - Male, Female	400 mg/kg		Negative - Oral - NOAEL

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental effects
Aminoethylpiperazine	OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test OECD 421 Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	Negative	Negative	Negative
Diethylenetriamine		Rat - Male, Female	Positive	Positive	Negative

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Species	Result/Result type
Aminoethylpiperazine	OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Rat - Male, Female	Negative - Oral
Benzyl Alcohol		Mouse - Female	Negative - Oral

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
para-t-butylphenol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Diethylenetriamine	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.



Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects



Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Species	Result
Aminoethylpiperazine	OECD 422 Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction/ Developmental Toxicity Screening Test	Sub-acute NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	151 to 285 mg/kg/d
Diethylenetriamine	OECD 410 Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-day Study	Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	>1000 mg/kg/d
	OECD	Sub-chronic NOEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	70 to 80 mg/kg/d
	No official guidelines	Chronic NOAEL Dermal	Rat - Male, Female	114 mg/kg/d
	No official guidelines	Sub-acute NOEC Inhalation Vapor	Rat - Male, Female	550 mg/m ³
Benzyl Alcohol	-	Sub-chronic NOAEL Oral	Rat - Male, Female	400 mg/kg
	OECD 412 Repeated Dose Inhalation Toxicity: 28-day or 14-day Study	Sub-chronic NOEC Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female	1072 mg/m ³

- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	34686.3 mg/kg
Dermal	16475.5 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	10.88 mg/l

Other information : Not available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Endpoint	Exposure	Species	Result
2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]amino butyl-terminated	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute EC50	72 hours	Algae	>1000 mg/l
	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute EC50	48 hours	Daphnia	<1000 mg/l
	-	Acute EC50	72 hours	Algae	11.2 mg/l
	-	Acute EC50	5 hours	Bacteria	0.2 mg/l
	Unknown guidelines	Acute EC50	24 hours	Daphnia	4.8 mg/l
	Not known				
	DIN DIN 38412 Part 11	Acute EC50	48 hours	Daphnia	3.9 mg/l
	Unknown guidelines	Acute IC10	5 hours	Bacteria	140 mg/l
	Not known				
	Unknown guidelines	Acute IC50	5 hours	Bacteria	>140 mg/l
	Not known				
para-t-butylphenol	-	Acute LC50	96 hours	Fish	5.1 mg/l
	Unknown guidelines	Acute LC50	48 hours	Fish	1.5 mg/l
	Not known				
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute EC50	72 hours	Algae	>1000 mg/l
	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	58 mg/l
	-	Acute LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	2190 mg/l
	No official guidelines	Chronic EC10	2 hours	Bacteria	250 mg/l
	-	Chronic EC20	1 hours	Bacteria	1600 mg/l
	Static		Static		
	ISO ISO 9509:2006 - Toxicity test for assessing the inhibition of nitrification of activated sludge microorganisms	Chronic EC50	2 hours Static	Bacteria	511 mg/l
Aminoethylpiperazine	No official guidelines	Acute EC50	48 hours Static	Daphnia	32 mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute EbC50 (biomass)	72 hours Static	Algae	1164 mg/l
	EU EC C.1 Acute Toxicity for Fish	Acute LC50	96 hours Semi-static	Fish	430 mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Chronic NOEC	72 hours Static	Algae	10 mg/l
	No official guidelines	Chronic NOEC	3 hours Static	Bacteria	6 mg/l
	EU	Chronic NOEC	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	5.6 mg/l
	OECD OECD 210 - Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test	Chronic NOEC	28 days Semi-static	Fish	10 mg/l
Diethylenetriamine					



Section 12. Ecological information

Benzyl Alcohol	OECD 202 <i>Daphnia</i> sp. Acute Immobilisation Test	Acute	EC50	48 hours	Daphnia	230	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Acute	EgC50	72 hours Static	Algae	770	mg/l
	EPA OPPTS	Acute	LC50	96 hours Static	Fish	460	mg/l
	OECD 201 Alga, Growth Inhibition Test	Chronic	NOEC	72 hours Static	Algae	310	mg/l
	OECD 211 <i>Daphnia Magna</i> Reproduction Test	Chronic	NOEC	21 days Semi-static	Daphnia	51	mg/l

Conclusion/Summary : Benzyl Alcohol Not toxic or harmful to aquatic organisms.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Period	Result
2-propenenitrile polymer with 1,3-butadiene, 1-cyano-1-methyl-4-oxo-4-[2-(1-piperazinyl)ethyl]amino butyl-terminated para-t-butylphenol	-	- days	- %
Aminoethylpiperazine	OECD 301A Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test	28 days	98 %
Diethylenetriamine	OECD 301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	28 days	0 %
Benzyl Alcohol	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	21 days	87 %
	OECD 301A Ready Biodegradability - DOC Die-Away Test	21 days	95 to 97 %

Conclusion/Summary : para-t-butylphenol Readily biodegradable
Aminoethylpiperazine Not readily biodegradable.
Diethylenetriamine Readily biodegradable

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
para-t-butylphenol	-	-	Readily
Aminoethylpiperazine	-	50%; 0.08 day(s)	Not readily
Diethylenetriamine	-	50%; 0.11 day(s)	Readily
Benzyl Alcohol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
para-t-butylphenol	2.44	-	low
Aminoethylpiperazine	-1.48	-	low
Diethylenetriamine	-1.58	0.3 to 6.3	low
Benzyl Alcohol	1.1	1	low

Mobility in soil

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 12. Ecological information

Other ecological information

BOD5	: Not determined.
COD	: Not determined.
TOC	: Not determined.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
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Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

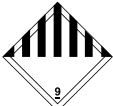





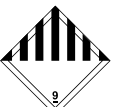

Section 14. Transport information

Proper shipping name

DOT	: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (DIMER FATTY ACID (C18) POLYAMIDOAMINE RESIN, PARA-T-BUTYLPHENOL). Marine pollutant
TDG	: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (DIMER FATTY ACID (C18) POLYAMIDOAMINE RESIN, PARA-T-BUTYLPHENOL). Marine pollutant
IMDG	: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (DIMER FATTY ACID (C18) POLYAMIDOAMINE RESIN, PARA-T-BUTYLPHENOL). Marine pollutant
IATA	: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (DIMER FATTY ACID (C18) POLYAMIDOAMINE RESIN, PARA-T-BUTYLPHENOL)

Regulatory information	UN number	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information

Section 14. Transport information

DOT Classification	UN3082	9	III	 	Marine pollutants are only regulated for bulk and vessel shipments, per 49CFR171.4 (c) Exceptions. Except when all or part of the transportation is by vessel, the requirements of this subchapter specific to marine pollutants do not apply to non-bulk packagings transported by motor vehicle, rail car or aircraft.
TDG Classification	UN3082	9	III	 	-
IMDG Classification	UN3082	9	III	 	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F
IATA Classification	UN3082	9	III	 	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 450 L Packaging instructions: 964

PG* : Packing group

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

United States Regulations

TSCA 8(b) inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

TSCA 5(a)2 final : No ingredients listed.

significant new use rule (SNUR)

Section 15. Regulatory information

TSCA 5(e) substance consent order : No ingredients listed.

TSCA 12(b) export notification : No ingredients listed.

SARA 311/312 : Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Air Act - Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS) : This product does not contain nor is it manufactured with ozone depleting substances.

SARA 313 : No ingredients listed.

CERCLA Hazardous substances : No ingredients listed.

State regulations

PENNSYLVANIA - RTK : No ingredients listed.

California Prop 65 : This product contains no listed substances known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, at levels which would require a warning under the statute.

Canadian regulations

CEPA DSL : All components are listed or exempted.

WHMIS Classes : Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Brazil Regulations

Classification system used : Norma ABNT-NBR 14725-2:2012

International lists

Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
Korea inventory: Not determined.
Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): At least one component is not listed.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): At least one component is not listed.
Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

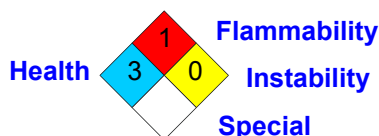
**Hazardous Material
Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	3
Flammability	1
Physical hazards	0
Personal protection	

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

**National Fire Protection
Association (U.S.A.)** :



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▀ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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THE PRODUCT MAY PRESENT HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. WHILE CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED IN THIS PUBLICATION, NO GUARANTEE IS MADE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

Hazards, toxicity and behaviour of the products may differ when used with other materials and are dependent

Section 16. Other information

upon the manufacturing circumstances or other processes. Such hazards, toxicity and behaviour should be determined by the user and made known to handlers, processors and end users.

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