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First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel

unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash

with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction

on this label).

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a poison

center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and

symptoms

: Harmful if inhaled.

Symptoms/effects : May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if

inhaled.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Sand. Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Reactivity in case of fire : No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do

not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No

smoking.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with

proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal

protection".

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Dam up the liquid spill. Contain released product, pump into suitable containers.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or

diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

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Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Use only nonsparking tools. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all

safety precautions have been read and understood. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond Technical measures

container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting

equipment.

Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep in fireproof Storage conditions

place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Incompatible products Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	40 ppm	
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)			
Not applicable			
acetone (67-64-1)			
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	250 ppm	
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm	

Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available). Ensure good

ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

Wear appropriate mask

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Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Color : Colourless to yellow Odor : characteristic Odor threshold : No data available рΗ : No data available Melting point : Not applicable Freezing point : No data available : >= 56.1 °C Boiling point : 3-5°C Flash point

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : <= 1

Solubility : No data available Log Pow : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available : No data available Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic : No data available **Explosion limits** : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidizing properties : No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

Polymerization can result in formation of solid deposits, even in vapour space. Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May form flammable/explosive vaporair mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

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styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	5000 mg/kg (Pat: Literature study: >6000 mg/kg hodgweight: Pat: Waight of oxidence)		
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg (Rat; Literature study; >6000 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Weight of evidence)		
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, 24 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	5010 mg/kg (Rabbit; Literature study)		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	11.8 mg/l air (4 h, Rat, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Inhalation (vapours))		
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	2770 ppm/4h (Rat; Literature study)		
ATE US (oral)	5000 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (dermal)	5010 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (gases)	2770 ppmV/4h		
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h		
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)			
LD50 oral rat	3129 mg/kg body weight (Rat; OECD 425: Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure; Experimental value)		
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Weight of evidence; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)		
ATE US (oral)	3129 mg/kg body weight		
acetone (67-64-1)			
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral)		
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	76 mg/l (Other, 4 h, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))		
ATE US (oral)	5800 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (dermal)	20000 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (vapors)	76 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust, mist)	76 mg/l/4h		
kin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.		
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified		
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified.		
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	OD. Dassibly service and in to humans		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans		
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen		
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)			
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans		
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.		
STOT-single exposure	: May cause respiratory irritation.		
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)			
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.		
CTOT single exposure	may oddoo roopiratory initiation.		
acetone (67-64-1)			
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
STOT-repeated exposure	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)			
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified		
/iscosity, kinematic	: No data available		
Potential Adverse human health effects and	: Harmful if inhaled.		
symptoms	Management defeate Management		
Symptoms/effects	: May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer.		
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	 Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. Harmful if inhaled. 		
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Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms or to cause long-term adverse

effects in the environment.

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)			
LC50 fish 1	10 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	4.7 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)		
ErC50 (algae)	4.9 mg/l (EPA OTS 797.1050, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)		
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-	7)		
LC50 fish 1	46.51 mg/l (LOEC; ASTM; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Read-across)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.212 mg/l (NOEC; ASTM; 48 h; Ceriodaphnia dubia; Static system; Salt water; Read-across)		
LC50 fish 2	54.1 mg/l (LC50; ASTM; 96 h; Pimephales promelas; Flow-through system; Fresh water; Read-across)		
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.605 mg/l (LC50; ASTM; 48 h; Ceriodaphnia dubia; Static system; Salt water; Read-across)		
Threshold limit algae 1	144 μg/l (ErC50; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Read-across)		
Threshold limit algae 2	32.2 μg/l (NOEC; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata; Static system; Fresh water; Read-across)		
acetone (67-64-1)			
LC50 fish 1	5540 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

CRYSTAL CLEAR SEALER (mixture)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.8 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	3.07 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.42 (Literature study)
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
acetone (67-64-1)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O₂/g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O₂/g substance
ThOD	2.2 g O₂/g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.872 (20 day(s), Literature study)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

CRYSTAL CLEAR SEALER (mixture)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
BCF fish 1	35.5 (Carassius auratus, Literature study)
Log Pow	2.96 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

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cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)		
BCF fish 1	1.2 (BCF; 131 days; Seriola quinqueradiata; Static system; Salt water; Read-across)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).	
acetone (67-64-1)		
BCF fish 1	0.69 (Pisces)	
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)	
Log Pow	-0.24 (Test data)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.	

12.4. Mobility in soil

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)		
Surface tension	0.032 N/m (20 °C)	
Log Koc	2.55 (log Koc, Estimated value)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.	
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)		
Surface tension	0.064 N/m (20 °C; 1 g/l)	
acetone (67-64-1)		
Surface tension	0.0237 N/m	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.	

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of

contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local,

regional, national and/or international regulation.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1866 Resin solution, 3, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1866
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Resin solution

Class (DOT) : 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 149 - When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).

B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite

(31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded.

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number

Other information

: No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

DOT Vessel Stowage Location

Not applicable

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1866 RESIN SOLUTION, 3, II

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1866

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : RESIN SOLUTION Class (IMDG) : 3 - Flammable liquids

: II - substances presenting medium danger Packing group (IMDG)

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1866 Resin solution, 3, II

: 1866 UN-No. (IATA) Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Resin solution : 3 - Flammable Liquids Class (IATA)

Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Sub Subject to reporting requirements of United S Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP	States SARA Section 313
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard Reactive hazard Fire hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Sub	ostances Control Act) inventory

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acetone (67-64-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

styrene,	inhibited	(100-42-5	5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate (136-52-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

styrene, inhibited (100-42-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

15.3. US State regulations

styrene, inhibite					
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Yes	No	No	No	27 μg/day	

Component	State or local regulations
styrene, inhibited(100-42-5)	U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
acetone(67-64-1)	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

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Revision date : 08/26/2019

Data sources : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE

COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Other information : None.

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Full text of H-phrases:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

NFPA health hazard

: 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

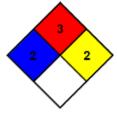
NFPA fire hazard

: 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity

: 2 - Materials that readily undergo violent chemical change

at elevated temperatures and pressures.



Hazard Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

: 3 Serious Hazard - Materials capable of ignition under almost all normal temperature Flammability

conditions. Includes flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F and boiling points above 100 F. as well as liquids with flash points between 73 F and 100 F. (Classes IB & IC)

Physical

: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo

hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

Personal protection : H

H - Splash goggles, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Vapor respirator

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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